PIONEER



CIRCUIT DESCRIPTIONS
REPAIR & ADJUSTMENTS



ORDER NO. ARP1055 - 0

STEREO DOUBLE CASSETTE TAPE DECK AMPLIFIER

DC-X55Z(BK)

MODEL DC-X55Z(BK) AND DC-X55Z COMES IN SEVEN VERSIONS DISTINGUISHED AS FOLLOWS:

0120110.					
~	Applicable model		Power requirement	Destination	
Type	DC-X55Z(BK)	DC-X55Z			
НВ	0	0	AC220V, 240V*(Switchable)	United Kingdom	
HEZ	0	_	AC220V, 240V*(Switchable)	West Germany	
кс	0		AC120V only	Canada	
YP	0	_	AC240V only	Australia	
HE	0	0	AC220V, 240V*(Switchable)	European continent	
KU	0	_	AC120V only	U.S.A	
s	0	-	AC110V, 120V, 220V, 240V (Switchable)	General market	

- This service manual is applicable to the HB type.
- * Change the primary wiring of the power transformer.
- As to the other types, please refer to the additional service manual.
- Ce manual d'instruction se fefère au mode de réglage en français.
- Este manual de servicio trata del método ajuste escrito en español.

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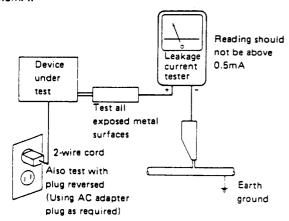
1. SAFETY INFORMATION

1. SAFETY PRECAUTIONS

The following check should be performed for the continued protection of the customer and service technician.

LEAKAGE CURRENT CHECK

Measure leakage current to a known earth ground (water pipe, conduit, etc.) by connecting a leakage current tester such as Simpson Model 229-2 or equivalent between the earth ground and all exposed metal parts of the appliance (input/output terminals, screwheads, metal overlays, control shaft, etc.). Plug the AC line cord of the appliance directly into a 120V AC 60Hz outlet and turn the AC power switch on. Any current measured must not exceed 0.5mA.



AC Leakage Test

2. SPECIFICATIONS

AMPLIFIER SECTION

Continuous Average Power Output is 40 Watts* per channel, min., at 8 ohms from 40 Hertz to 20,000 Hertz, with no more than 0.3% total harmonic distortion.

*Measured pursuant to the Federal Trade Commission's Trade Regulation rules on Power Output Claims for Amplifiers.
Continuous Power Output
40 to 20,000Hz
1 kHz (DIN) 50 W + 50 V _* (T.I+.D. 1% 8 ohms
1 kHz (DIN music power)
PMPO 140 W + 140 W
Hum and Noise (IHF, short-circuited, A network)
PHONO
Hum and Noise (DIN continous Power/50 mV)
PHONO
Total Harmonic Distortion (40 Hz to 20,000 Hz, 8 ohms)
20 Watts per channel power output
Tape Deck Section
Systems 4 track, 2-channel stered
Heads/Hard Permalloy" recording/playback head x
"Hard Permalloy" playback head x
"Ferrite" erasing head x
Motor DC serva 2 speed motor x 2
Wow and Flutter
Fast Winding Time Approximately 100 seconds (C-60 tape

ANY MEASUREMENTS NOT WITHIN THE LIMITS OUTLINED ABOVE ARE INDICATIVE OF A POTENTIAL SHOCK HAZARD AND MUST BE CORRECTED BEFORE RETURNING THE APPLIANCE TO THE CUSTOMER.

2. PRODUCT SAFETY NOTICE

Many electrical and mechanical parts in the appliance have special safety related characteristics. These are often not evident from visual inspection nor the protection afforded by them necessarily can be obtained by using replacement components rated for voltage, wattage, etc. Replacement parts which have these special safety characteristics are identified in this Service Manual.

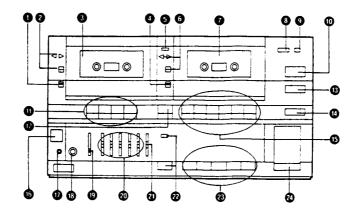
Electrical components having such features are identified by marking with a \triangle on the schematics and on the parts list in this Service Manual

The use of a substitute replacement component which dose not have the same safety characteristics as the PIONEER recommended replacement one, shown in the parts list in this Service Manual, may create shock, fire, or other hazards.

Product Safety is continuously under review and new instructions are issued from time to time. For the latest information, always consult the current PIONEER Service Manual. A subscription to, or additional copies of, PIONEER Service Manual may be obtained at a nominal charge from PIONEER.

Frequency Response	
-20 dB recording:	
Normal tape	35 Hz to 14,000 Hz ±6 dB
CrO ₂	35 Hz to 15,000 Hz ±6 dB
Metal tape	35 Hz to 16,000 Hz ±6 dB
Signal-to-Noise Ratio	
Dolby NR OFF	56 dB
Noise Reduction Effect	
Dolby B type NR ON	More than 10 dB (at 5 kHz)
Furnished Parts	
Operating Instructions	
Turntable legs parts	2
Miscellaneous	
Power requirements	
U.S., Canadian models	AC 120 V, 60 Hz
European model	AC 220 V, 50/60Hz
U.K. and Australian models	AC 240 V, 50/60 Hz
Other destination models	
AC 11	0/120/220/240 V (switchable) 50/60 Hz
Power Consumption	
U.S., Canadian models	230 W (CSA 260 VA)
European model	380 W
U.K. and Australian models	380 W
Other destination models	
Dimensions	360(W) x 190(H) x 283 (D) mm
	14-3/16(W) x 7-7/16(H) x 11-1/8(D) in
Weight (without package)	7.4 kg (16 lb 5 oz)

3. FRONT PANEL FACILITIES



[CASSETTE TAPE DECK]

- This unit is provided with an automatic tape selector function.
- This unit is a forward mode priority auto-reverse deck. Both recording and playback always start in the forward direction.
 - If you press the STOP/EJECT (\mathbf{m}/Δ) switch during reverse playback, the head for forward playback will be reselected automatically.

• REVERSE MODE switch

Sets the reverse mode for the playback-only deck.

Switch positions:	Play
\Box	Continuous play
\supset	Reverse play

Continuous playback is automatically stopped after 8 round trips. Note that it will be counted as one reversal if the tape direction is changed using the direction switch. (One round trip will be counted if the switch is pressed twice.)

Direction switch/indicator (DIRECTION)

Depress to set the playback direction of the playback-only deck. Direction change can only be performed during playback.

- ▶ ... Lights when forward mode is selected.
- Cassette compartment (Playback only)

REVERSE MODE switch

Sets the reverse mode for the record/play deck.

Switch positions	Play	Record	
\Box	Continuous play	Double-side recording	
\supset $-$	Reverse play	Single-side recording	

Continuous playback is automatically stopped after 8 round trips. Note that it will be counted as one reversal if the tape direction is changed using the direction switch. (One round trip will be counted if the switch is pressed twice.)

Recording indicator (REC)

 Lights during recording. Flashes during tape copying. (DC-X55Z and DC-555Z only)

6 Direction switch/indicator (DIRECTION)

Depress to set the recording and playback direction of the record/play deck. Direction change can be performed during recording, playback or pause.

- Lights when forward mode is selected. Flashes if tape travel is stopped during reverse recording.
- □ Lights when reverse mode is selected.
- Cassette compartment (Recording and playback)
- **⑤** TAPE COUNTER (Record/play deck.)

3-digit display measures tape travel on record/play deck.

● TAPE COUNTER RESET button



COPY SPEED switch

Press to set the copy mode.

NORNIAL ... Permits you to listen to playback normally during dubbing (normal speed copying)

HIGH ... High speed dubbing (double-speed, half-time copying)

Playback-only switches

(PLAY) Forward or reverse mode playback.

(FAST) Rewind in forward mode, fast forward in reverse mode.

★ (FAST) Fast forward in forward mode, rewind in reverse mode.
■/♠ (STOP/EJECT) ... Stops tape travel. Ejects cassette if pressed when

tage is stopped.

Synchronized copy switch (SYNCHRO COPY)

Press to start copying from Deck I to Deck II. Set the copying speed (NOR-MAL or HIGH) using the COPY SPEED switch.

 Press this switch only after you have set the COPY SPEED switch as desired. If this switch is pressed first, the speed cannot afterwards be changed, even if the COPY SPEED switch position is later changed.

Dolby NR switch

Press to activate noise reduction system. Use to play back tapes recorded using Dolby B NR noise reduction.

- Tapes recorded using Dolby B NR noise reduction should always be played back with the noise reduction system on. Sound quality will be adversely affected if they are played back with the system off, or if tapes recorded using a different noise reduction system are played back with the Dolby B NR system on.
- It is recommeded that tapes recorded using Dolby B NR be so marked on the label. This will help to prevent incorrect setting of the noise reduction switch during playback.

Noise reduction manufactured under license from Dolby Laboratories Licensing Corporation.

"Dolby" and the double-D symbol are trademarks of Dolby Laboratories Licensing Corporation.

Recording mute switch (REC MUTE)

Use to create blank intervals on a tape during recording. Works only while held decressed.

Record/Playback switches

● (REC) Record

(PLAY) .. Playback in forward or reverse mode.

(FAST) Rewind in forward mode, fast forward in reverse mode.

(FAST) Fast forward in forward mode, rewind in reverse mode.

1/**△**

(STOP/EJECT) .. Stops tape travel. Ejects cassette if pressed when tape is

stopped.

■■ (PAUSE) Temporarily stops tape travel. Cancels pause mode when

pressed again.

[AMPLIFIER/GRAPHIC EQUALIZER]

Power switch (POWER)

Headphone jack (PHONES)

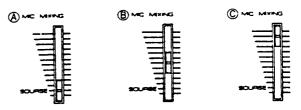
For miniature stereo phone plug.

Microphone jack (MIC)

For standard phone plug.

Mic Mixing Controls (MIC MIXING)

Adjusts balance between mic volume and volume of other input sources.



Source input emphasized

To listen to the sound from a microphone mixed with that of a radio broadcast or tape playback:

Mic input emphasized

NOTE:

- Set the control to the SOURCE position as shown in Fig. A when not using a microphone.
- Source volume is cut by about 1/100 when control is set to the MIC position.

Graphic equalizer controls (GRAPHIC EQUALIZER)

Fine adjustments in sound quality are possible using the 5 controls on the graphic equalizer.

BALANCE control

❸ SURROUND/STEREO WIDE switch/indicator

By using this function, the sounds from stereo sources will be given new breadth, reproducing the effect of concert hall presence.

NOJE:

Stereo Wide sound has no effect on monaural sources (AM broadcasts,

■ Function switches (FUNCTION)

Press the button corresponding to the desired program source.

TUNER Press to listen to radio.

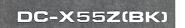
VIDEO Press to listen to component (Hi-Fi VCR, laser disc player,

etc.) connected to the auxiliary input jacks.

CD Press to listen to CD player. PHONO Press to listen to turntable.

TAPE Press to listen to tape playback.

Volume Control (VOLUME)

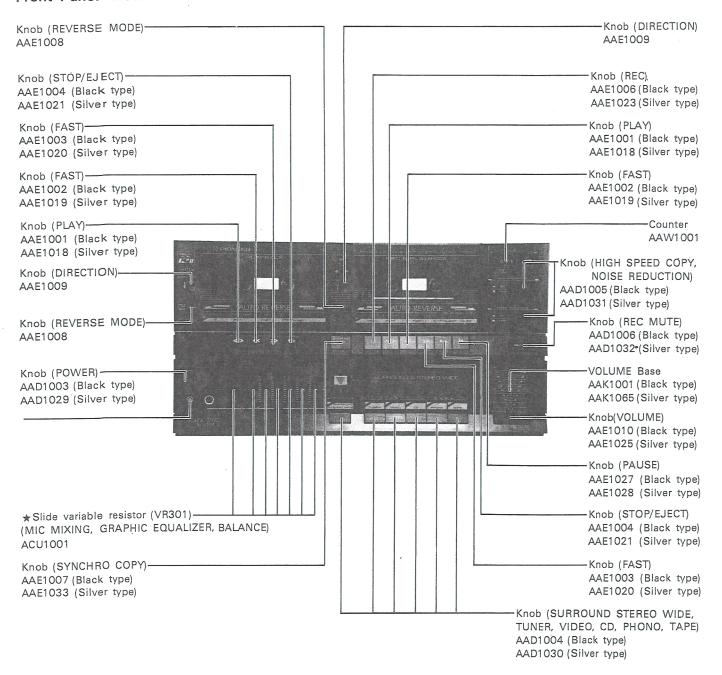


4. PARTS LOCATION

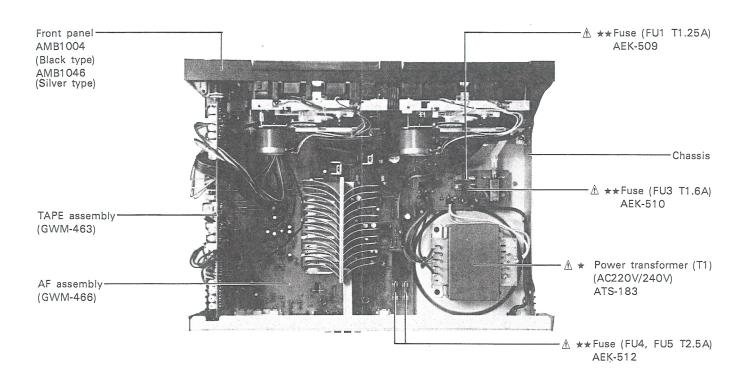
NOTES:

- The ≜ mark found on some component parts indicates the importance of the safety factor of the part. Therefore, when replacing, be sure to use parts of identical designation.
- For your Parts Stock Control, the fast moving items are indicated with the marks ★ ★ and ★.
 - **★★** GENERALLY MOVES FASTER THAN **★**
 - This classification shall be adjusted by each distributor because it depends on model number, temperature, humidity, etc.
- Parts marked by "⊙" are not always kept in stock. Their delivery time may be longer than usual or they may be unavailable.

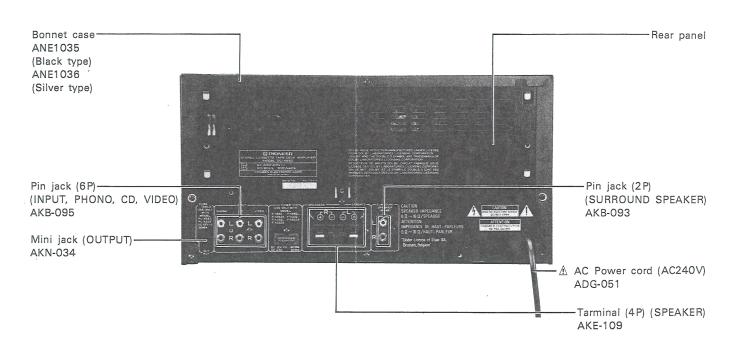
Front Panel View

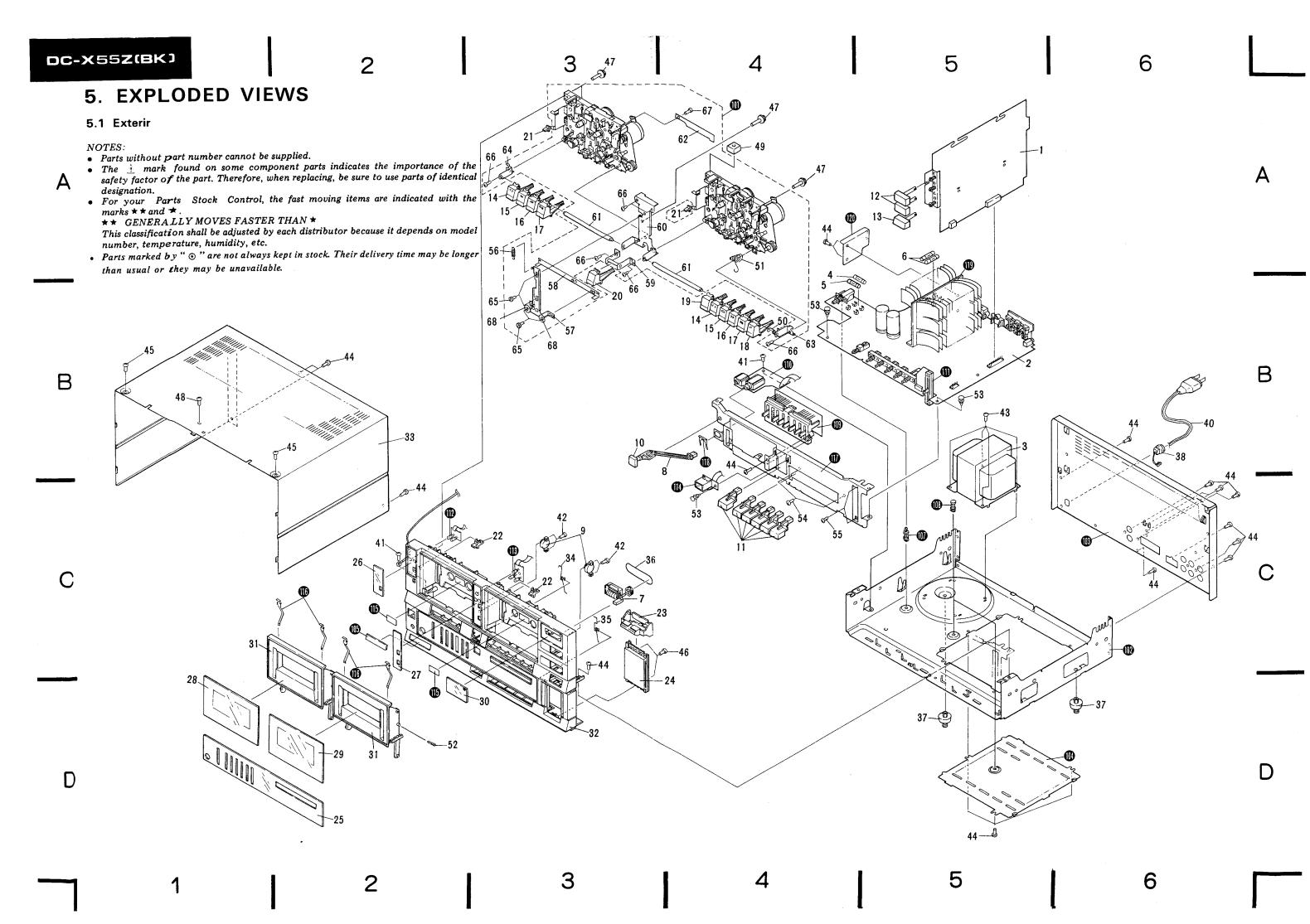


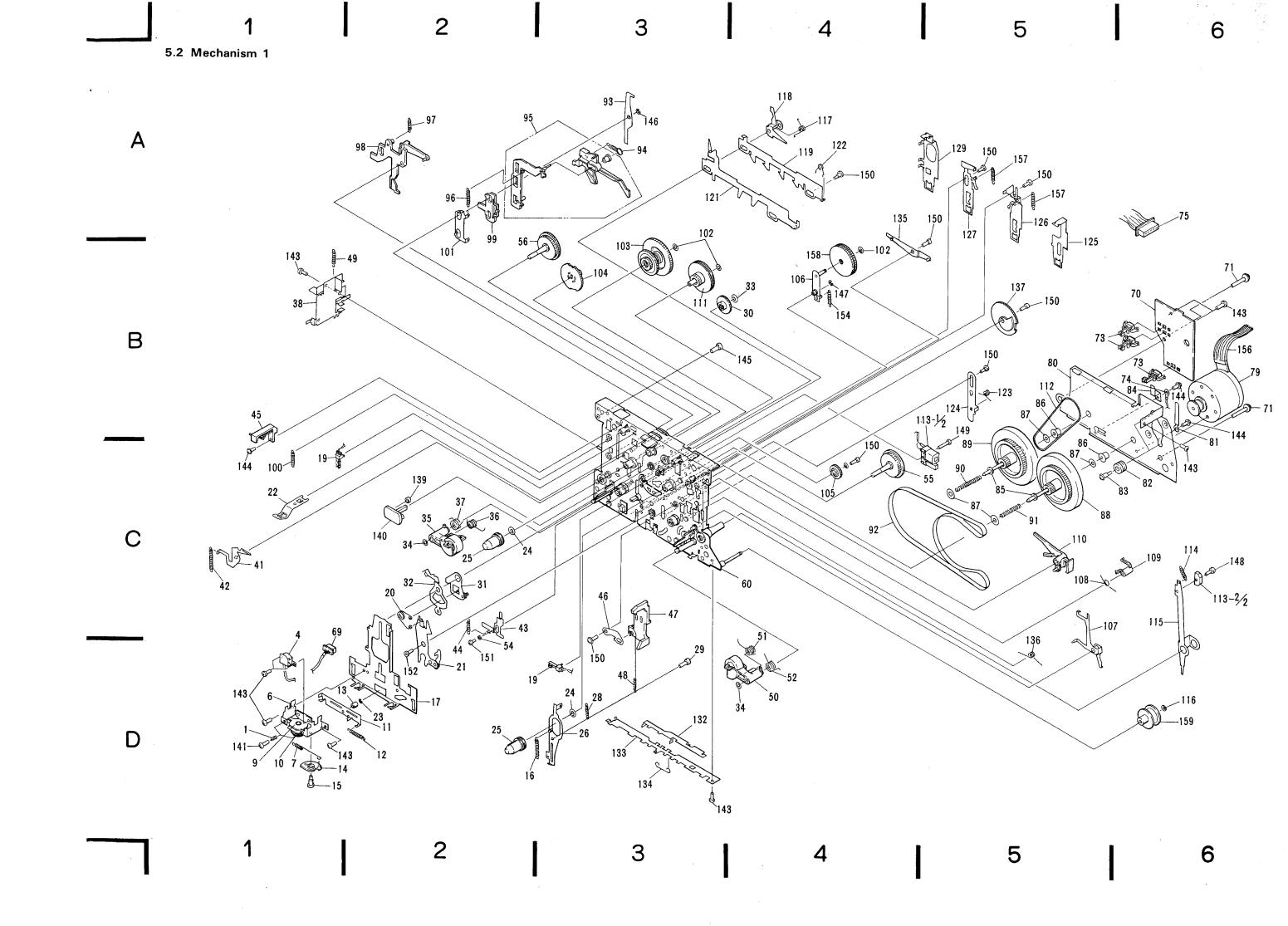
Top View with Bonnet Case Removed



Rear Panel View







NOTES:

- Parts without part number cannot be supplied.
- The A mark found on some component parts indicates the importance of the safety factor of the part. Therefore, when replacing, be sure to use parts of identical designation.
- For your Parts Stock Control, the fast moving items are indicated with the marks ★★ and ★.
 - **★★** GENERALLY MOVES FASTER THAN **★**

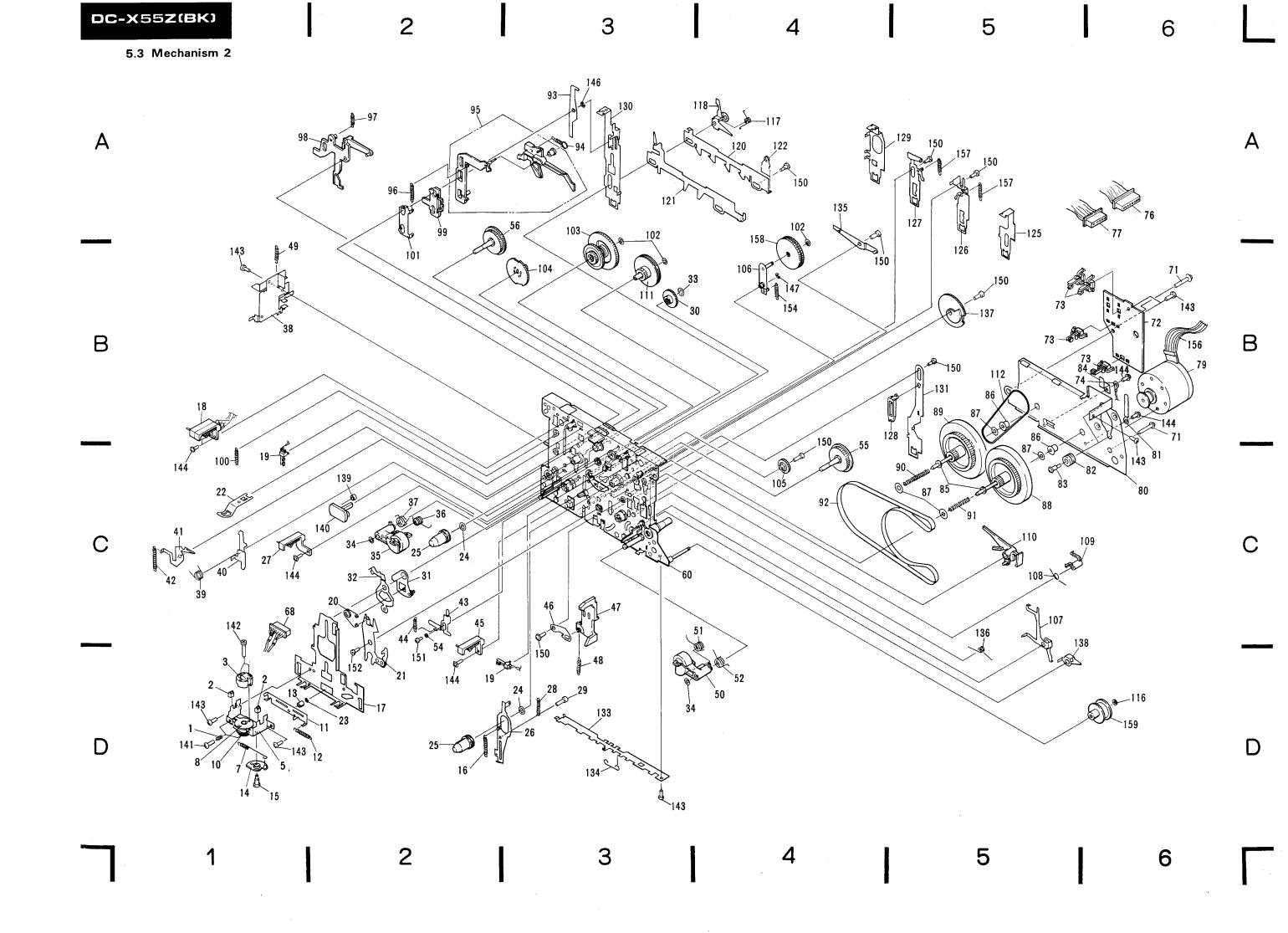
This classification shall be adjusted by each distributor because it depends on model number, temperature, humidity, etc.

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Parts List of Mechanism 1

Mark	No.	Part No.	Description	Mark	No.	Part No.	Description
	1	AZN1055	Pressure spring		41	AZN1087	MO plate
	2				42	AZN1088	Coiled spring
	3				43	ANZ1089	Reverse sub-plate
**	4	AZP1007	PLAY head		44	AZN1090	Reverse spring
	5		• • • • •	**	45	AZS1015	Leaf switch (ARR/CrO2 SW
	6	AZN1058	Metal assembly I		46	AZN1091	Latch slide plate
	7	AZN1059	Head GR spring		47	AZN1092	Latch lever
	8				48	AZN1093	Latch-return spring
	9	AZN1061	Head holder assembly I		49	AZN1094	DIR lever spring
	10	AZN1062	Head gear (A)		50	AZN1095	Pinch arm assembly (R)
	11	AZN1063	Slide plate assembly		51	AZN1096	Twist spring
	12	AZN1064	Slide plate spring		52	AZN1097	Pinch roller spring (R)
	13	AZN1065	Collar		53		· · · · ·
	14	AZN1066	Head gear (B)		54	AZN1099	Collar
	15	AZB1032	Step screw		55	AZN1100	Reel base assembly (R)
	16	AZN1067	Return spring		56	AZN1 101	Reel base assembly (F)
	17	AZN1068	Head base		57		
	18				58		
**	19	AZS1013	Leaf switch (DIR, MUT SW)		59		****
	20	AZN1069	Reverse spring		60	AZN1105	Mechanism chassis
	21	AZN1070	Pincl lever assembly		61		
	22	AZN1071	Half set arm		62		
	23	AZN1072	P washer		63		
	24	AZB1034	Washer		64		
	25	AZN1073	Reel claw		65		
	26	AZN1074	Sub-plate assembly		66		
	27				67		
	28	ÀZN 1075	Head-return spring		68		
	29	AZB1033	Step screw		69	AZK1025	4P connector
	30	AZN1076	ldler gear		70	AEN1110	P.C. board (I)
	31	AZN1077	Idler assembly		71	AZB1036	Flange screw M2.6x28
	32	AZN1078	Reverse plate A		72		
	33	AZN1079	P washer 1.3x3x0.25	**	73	AZS1016	Leaf switch
	34	AZN1080	P washer		74	AZD1003	Ground wire
	35	AZN1081	Pinch arm assembly (L)		75	AZK1026	11P connector
	36	AZN1082	Twist spring		76		••••
	37	AZN1083	Pinch roller return spring		77		
	38	AZN1084	Mounting plate assembly		78		
	39	,	····		79	AZX1005	Motor assembly
	-				80		inotor assembly

Mark	No.	Part No.	Description	Mark	No.	Part No.	Description
	81	AZN1115	Wire holder assembly		121	AZN1156	Plate (B)
	82	AZN1116	Rubber washer		122	AZN1157	Plate
	83	AZB1037	Motor mounting screw		123	AZN1158	Stop spring pause spring
	84	AZN1117	Synchro holder		124	AZN1159	Detector sub-plate
	85	AZN1118	P washer		125	AZN1160	Stop plate
	86	AZN1119	Metal		126	AZN1161	FF plate assembly
	87	AZN1120	P washer 2.6x8x0.13		127	AZN1162	REW plate assembly
	88	AZN1113	Flywheel assembly (R)		128		
	89	AZN1121	Flywheel assembly (L)		129	AZN1164	PLAY plate
	90	AZN1122	Pressure spring (black)		130		
	91	AZN1123	Pressure spring (white)		131		
	92	AZN1124	Flat belt		132	AZN1167	Plate (C)
	93	AZN1125	Rerease lever		133	AZN1168	Knob holder plate
	94	AZN1126	Spring		134	AZN1169	Lead clamper
	95	AZN1127	Detector lever assembly		135	AZN1170	Assist arm assembly
		. =					
	96	AZN1128	Spring		136	AZN1171	Trigger return spring
,	97	AZN1129	Spring		137	AZN1 172	Assist gear
	98	AZN1130	DIR lever		138		
,	99	AZN1131	Mode lever		139	AZN1174	Collar
	100	AZN1132	Coiled spring		140	AZN1175	Reverse cam assembly
	101	AZN1133	Mode plate		141	AZB1038	Pan-screw
	102	AZN1134	P washer 1.6x4x0.25		142		
	103	AZN1135	Tension pulley assembly		143	AZB1040	Screw
	104	AZN1136	Reverse gear		144	AZB1041	Flange screw
	105	AZN1137	FWD gear		145	AZB1042	FT screw
					,	71251042	1. 30.01
	106	AZN1138	FF idler plate assembly		146	AZN1176	CS ring
	107	AZN1142	Anti-detect plate		147	AZN1177	E-ring
	108	AZN1143	Twist spring		148	AZB1043	Screw
	109	AZN1144	Clutch stopper		149	AZB1044	Screw
	110	AZN1145	Anti-detect lever		150	AZB1045	Bushing
	111	A7N1146	Drive pulley		151	A704040	8: 1
	111	AZN1146	Drive pulley		151	AZB1046	Bind screw
	112	AZN1147	Square belt		152	AZB1047	Bushing
	113	AZN1148	Magnet		153		
	114	AZN1149	Magnet spring		154	AZN1179	FF idler plate spring
	115	AZN1150	Magnet arm		155	• • • • •	••••
	116	AZN1151	Washer		156	AZD1004	Jumper wire
	117	AZN1152	SW drive spring		157	AZN1139	FF.REW gear spring
	118	AZN1153	SW push plate		158	AZN1140	FF idler assembly
	119	AZN1154	PB plate (A)		159	AZN1141	Idler assembly
	120					, 1611, 171	Tator addoning



NOTES:

- Parts without part number cannot be supplied.
 The ≜ mark found on some component parts indicates the importance of the safety factor of the part. Therefore, when replacing, be sure to use parts of identical designation.
- For your Parts Stock Control, the fast moving items are indicated with the marks ** and *.

 ** GENERALLY MOVES FASTER THAN *
- This classification shall be adjusted by each distributor because it depends on model number, temperature, humidity, etc.
- Parts marked by "⊙" are not always kept in stock. Their delivery time may be longer than usual or they may be unavailable.

Parts List of Mechanism 2

Mark	No.	Part No.	Description	Mark	No.	Part No.	Description
	1	AZN1055	Pressure spring		41	AZN1087	MO plate
	2	AZN1056	Tape guide		42	AZN1088	Coiled spring
**	3	AZP1006	Head assembly (REC/PB and EF	RACE)	43	ANZ1089	Reverse sub-plate
	4				44	AZN1090	Reverse spring
	5	AZN1057	Metal assembly II	**	45	AZS1015	Leaf switch (ARR/CrO2 St
	6		*****		46	AZN1091	Latch slide plate
	7	AZN1059	Head GR spring		47	AZN1092	Latch lever
	8	AZN1060	Haed holder assembly II		48	AZN1093	Latch-return spring
	9	• • • • •	• • • • •		49	AZN1094	DIR lever spring
	10	AZN1062	Head gear (A)		50	AZN1095	Pinch arm assembly (R)
	11	AZN1063	Slide plate assembly		51	AZN1096	Twist spring
	12	AZN1064	Slide plate spring		52	AZN1097	Pinch roller spring (R)
	13	AZN1065	Collar		53		
	14	AZN1066	Head gear (B)		54	AZN1099	Collar
	15	AZB1032	Step screw		55	AZN1100	Reel base assembly (R)
	16	AZN1067	Return spring		56	AZN1101	Reel base assembly (F)
	17	AZN1068	Head base		57		
**	18	AZS1012	Leaf switch (ARF SW)		58		
**	19	AZS1013	Leaf switch (DIR, MUT SW)		59		
	20	AZN1069	Reverse spring		60	AZN1105	Mechanism chassis
	21	AZN1070	Pinch lever assembly		61		
	22	AZN1071	Half set arm		62		
	23	AZN1072	P washer		63		
	24	AZB1034	Washer		64		
	25	AZN1.073	Reel claw		65		
	26	AZN1074	Sub-plate assembly		66		• • • • •
**	27	AZS1014	Leaf switch (Metal sw)		67	• • • • •	• • • • •
	28	AZN1075	Head-return spring		68	AZK1024	8P connector
	29	AZB1033	Step screw		69		• • • • •
	30	AZN1076	Idler gear		70		****
	31	AZN1077	Idler assembly		71	AZB1036	Flange screw M2.6x28
	32	AZN1078	Reverse plate A		72	AZN1111	P.C.board (II)
	33	AZN1079	P washer 1.3x3x0.25	**	73	AZS1016	Leaf switch
	34	AZN1080	P washer		74 76	AZD1003	Ground wire
	35	AZN1081	Pinch arm assembly (L)		75	• • • • •	• • • •
	36	AZN1082	Twist spring		76	AZK1027	8P connector
	37	AZN1083	Pinch roller return spring		77	AZK1028	5P connector
	38	AZN1084	Mounting plate assembly		78		22
	39	AZN1085	REC prevent spring	**	79	AZX1005	Motor assembly
	40	AZN1086	REC prevent plate		80	AZN1114	F/W base plate

Mark	No.	Part No.	Description	Mark No.	Part No.	Description
	81	AZN1115	Wire holder assembly	121	AZN1156	Plate (B)
	82	AZN1116	Rubber washer	122	AZN1157	Plate spring
	83	AZB1037	Motor mounting screw	123		
	84	AZN1117	Synchro holder	124		
	85	AZN1118	P washer	125	AZN1160	Stop plate
	86	AZN1119	Metal	126	AZN1161	FF plate assembly
	87	AZN1120	P washer 2.6x8x0.13	127	AZN1162	REW plate assembly
	88	AZN1113	Flywheel assembly (R)	128	AZN1163	PAUSE arm
	89	AZN1121	Flywheel assembly (L)	129	AZN1164	PLAY plate
	90	AZN1122	Pressure spring (black)	130	AZN1165	REC plate
	91	AZN1123	Pressure spring (white)	131	AZN1166	PAUSE plate
	92	AZN1124	Flat belt	132		· · · · ·
	93	AZN1125	Rerease lever	133	AZN1168	Knob holder plate
	94	AZN1126	Spring	134		Lead clamper
	95	AZN1127	Detector lever assembly	135		Assist arm assembly
	96	AZN1128	Spring	136	AZN1171	Trigger return spring
	97	AZN1129	Spring	137		Assist gear
	98	AZN1130	DIR lever		AZN1173	PAUSE arm
	99	AZN1131	Mode lever	139		Collar
	100	AZN1132	Coiled spring	140	AZN1175	Reverse cam assembly
	101	AZN1133	Mode plate	141	AZB1038	Pan-screw
	102	AZN1134	P washer 1.6x4x0.25		AZB1039	Screw
	103	AZN1135	Tension pulley assembly	143		Screw
	104	AZN1136	Reverse gear	144	AZB1041	Flange screw
	105	AZN1137	FWD gear	145		••••
	106	AZN1138	FF idler plate assembly	146	AZN1176	CS ring
	107	AZN1142	Anti-detect plate	147	AZN1177	E-ring
	108	AZN1143	Twist spring	148		
	109	AZN1144	Clutch stopper	149		
	110	AZN1145	Anti-detect lever	150	AZB1045	Bushing
	111	AZN1146	Drive pulley	151	AZB1046	Bind screw
	112	AZN1147	Square belt	152	AZB1047	Bushing
	113	• • • • •	• • • • •	153		
	114	• • • • •	• • • •	154	AZN1179	FF idler plate spring
	115	• • • • •	• • • •	155		,
	116	AZN1151	Washer	156	AZD1004	Jumper wire
	117	AZN1152	SW drive spring	157	AZN1139	FF.REW gear spring
	118	AZN1153	SW push plate	158	AZN1140	FF idler assembly
	119			159	AZN1141	Idler assembly
	120	AZN1155	REC/PB plate (A)			-,

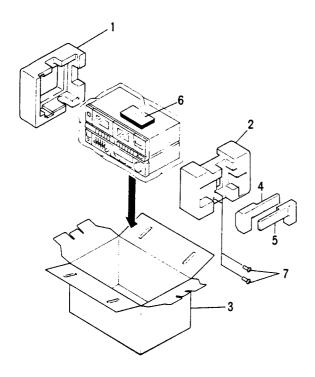
Parts List of Exterir

Mark	No.	Part No.	Description	Mark	No.	Part No.	Description
	1	GWM-463	TAPE assembly		24	AAK1001	VOLUME base
			•		24		VOLOIVIE Dase
۸ .	2	GWM-466	AF assembly			(Black type)	
<u> </u>	3	ATS-183	Power transformer (T1)			AAK1065	
			(AC 220V/240V)			(Silver type)	
	4	AEK-509	Fuse (FU1 T1.25A)		25	AAK1002	AMP panel
					26	AAK1003	Deck panel (A)
	5	AEK-510	Fuse (FU3 T1.6A)			(Black type)	
	6	AEK-512	Fuse (FU4, FU5 T2.5A)			AAK1066	
	7	AAW1001	Counter			(Silver type)	
	8	AMR1003	Power joint		27	AAK1004	Deck panel (B)
	9	AMR1006	Damper assembly		28	AAK1005	Door panel (L)
					29	AAK1006	Door panel (R)
	10	AAD1003	Knob (POWER)		30	AAK1008	Counter panel
		(Black type)	, ,			(Black type)	
		AAD1029				AAK1067	
		(Silver type)				(Silver type)	
	11	AAD1004	Knob (SURROUND, STEREO		31	AAN1001	Door
		(Black type)	WIE, TUNER, CD, PHONO,		32	AMB1004	Front panel
		AAD1030	TAPE)			(Black type)	The state of the s
		(Silver type)	770 27			AMB1046	
		(Silver type)				(Silver type)	
	12	AAD1005	Knob (HIGH SPEED COPY,		33	ANE1035	Bonnet case
	12		ON/OFF)		33		Boilliet Case
		(Black type)	ON OFF)			(Black type)	
		AAD1031				ANE1036	
		(Silver type)	W 1 (DEC 14) TEL			(Silver type)	.
	13	AAD1006	Knob (REC MUTE)		34	ABH1001	Coil spring (L)
		(Black type)					<u>_</u> .
		AAD1032			35	ABH1002	Coil spring (R)
		(Silver type)			36	AEB-197	Counter belt
	14	AAE1001	Knob (PLAY)		37	AEC-847	Leg assembly
		(Black type)		<u> </u>	38	AEC-882	AC Cord stopper
		AAE1018			39	ABA1003	Screw
		(Silver type)					
	15	AAE1002	Knob (FAST)	<u> î</u>	40	ADG-051	AC Power cord (AC 240V)
		(Black type)			41	BBT30P080FMC	Screw
		AAE1019			42	BBZ20P100FMC	Screw
		(Silver type)			43	BBZ30P060FZK	Screw
	16	AAE1003	Knob (FAST)		44	BBZ30P080FZK	Screw
		(Black type)					
		AAE1020			45	VPZ30P080FZK	Screw
		(Silver type)				(Black type)	
	17	AAE1004	Knob (STOP/EJECT)			VPZ30P080FUC	
	• •	(Black type)	(0.0., ====,			(Silver type)	
		AAE1021			46	BPZ30P080FZK	Screw
		(Silver type)			47	VPZ30P100FMC	
•	18	AAE1027	Knob (PAUSE)		4,	VF230F100FWC	Screw
		(Black type)	Kilob (1 Adde)		40	DD70004005714	•
		AAE1028			48	BBZ30P120FZK	Screw
		(Silver type)				(Black type)	
	19	AAE1006	Knob (REC)			BBZ30P120FUC	
	13		KIIOD (NEC)			(Silver type)	
		(Black type)			49	AEB1013	Rubber
		AAE1023					
		(Silver type)	K - L (CVAICURG CORVA		50	ABH1008	PAUSE spring
	20	AAE1007	Knob (SYNCHRO COPY)		51	ABH1010	Sub-spring
		(Black type)			52	ABH1009	Coil spring
		AAE1024			53	AEC-525	Nylon rivet
		(Silver type)			54	VMZ30P060FMC	Screw
	21	AAE1008	Knob (REVERSE MODE,				
		=	REC/PLAY)		55	PMZ20P030FZK	Screw
	22	AAE1009	Knob (DIRECTION)		56	AZN1109	Synchro spring
	23	AAE1010	Knob (VOLUME)		57	AZN1108	Synchro operation plate
		(Black type)			58	AZN1107	Synchro plate
		AAE1025			59	AZN1104	Synchro axis
		(Silver type)					•

DC-X55Z(BK)

Mark	No.	Part No.	Description	Mark No. Part No.	Description
	60	AZN1102	Docking plate	106	Bainder
	61	AZN1103	Knob axis	107	P.C.B Holder
	62	AZN1112	Rein forcement plate	108	P.C.B Support
	63	ANZ1098	Knob holder (R)	109	EQ assembly
	64	ANZ1106	Knob holder (L)	110	MIC assembly
	65	AZB1035	Screw	111	VR assembly
	66	AZB1042	Screw	112	LED assembly (C)
	67	AZB1040	Screw	113	LED assembly (B)
	68	AZN1178	Washer	114	LED assembly (A)
				115	Remain display paper
	101		Cassette mechanism		
			assembly	116	Half pressure spring
	102		Chassis	117	Unit stay
	103		Rear panel	118	Mount plate
	104		Bottom plate	119	Heat sink
	105		AMP bage	120	Heat sink holder

6. PACKING



Mark	No.	Part No.	Description
	1	AHA1001	Side pad (L)
	2	AHA1002	Side pad (R)
	3	AHD1001	Packing case
		(Black type)	· ·
		AHD1055	
		(Silver type)	
	4	AMR1060	Player stand (L)
		(Black type)	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
		AMR1062	
		(Silver type)	
	5	AMR1061	Player stand (R)
		(Black type)	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
		AMR1063	
		(Silver type)	
	6	ARB1001	Operating instruction (English)
	7	ABA1003	Screw

7. ELECTRICAL PARTS LIST

Part No.

GWM-463

- When ordering resistors, first convert resistance values into code form as shown in the following examples.
- Ex. 1 When there are 2 effective digits (any digit apart from 0), such as 560 ohm and 47k ohm (tolerance is shown by J=5%, and K=10%). 561.... RD%PS 561 J 56×10^{1} 560Ω 473.... RD%PS 473 J 47×10^3 $47k\Omega$ 0R5 RN2H OR5 K 0.5Ω
- 010 RS1P @II@ K Ex. 2 When there are 3 effective digits (such as in high precision metal film resistors). $5.62k\Omega$ $562 \times 10^{\circ}$ 5621 RN%SR 5620 F
- The A mark found on some component parts indicates the importance of the safety factor of the part. Therefore, when replacing, be sure to use parts of identical designation.
- For your Parts Stock Control, the fast moving items are indicated with the marks ** and * .
- ** GENERALLY MOVES FASTER THAN *

Mark

This classification shall be adjusted by each distributor because it depends on model number, temperature, humidity, etc.

Symbol & Description

Q505, Q506, Q515, Q706,

Part No.

• Parts marked by " o " are not always kept in stock. Their delivery time may be longer than usual or they may be unavailable.

Miscellaneous Parts P.C BOARD ASSEMBLIES

Mark Symbol & Description

TAPE assembly

	TAPE assembly	G VV IVI-403	**	asos, asoo, as 15, a 700,	ZSATTIS
	AF assembly	GWM-466		Q707, Q714, Q803—Q805,	(2SA933S)
	EQ assembly	Non supply		Q807	
	MIC assembly	Non supply	**	Q801, Q802	2SA1515
	VR assembly	Non supply	**	Q501—Q504, Q507—Q512,	2SC2603
	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,			Q514, Q517, Q518, Q601,	(2SC1740S)
	LED assembly (A)	Non supply		Q602, Q703—Q705, Q806,	(====;
	LED assembly (B)	Non supply		Q708—Q711, Q715—Q718	
	LED assembly (C)	Non supply	**	Q701, Q702	2SD438
	LEB describery (e)	iton capp.,	2.2	2,01, 2,02	200 100
OTHERS			COILS, 1	TRANSFORMER AND FI	LTERS
Mark	Symbol & Description	Part No.	Mark	Symbol & Description	Part No.
<u>^</u> ★	T1 Power transformer	ATS-183		F601, F602 DOLBY Filter	ATF-210
<u> </u>	(AC 220V/240V)	,,,,		L701 Inductor	ATH-094
A ★★	FU1 Fuse (T1.25A)	AEK-509		L704, L705 Inductor	ATH-108
<u>A</u>	FU3 Fuse (T1.6A)	AEK-510		L702, L703 Inductor	ATH-119
Ā **	FU4, FU5 Fuse (T2.5A)	AEK-512		L706, L707 Trap coil	ATM-037
	101,1001000 (12:01)				
A	AC Power cord (AC 240V)	ADG-051		T701 Bias oscillator	ATX-043
2.2	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,			transformer	
TAPE A	ssembly (GWM-463)		SWITCH	IES	
SEMICO	NDUCTORS		Mark	Symbol & Description	Part No.
Mark	Symbol & Description	Part No.	**	S701 Push switch	ASG1001
	IC501 PRE AMP	BA3416L		(HIGH SPEED COPY	
**	IC502	BA3706		ON/OFF, NOISE	
**	IC701, IC702 TR-ARRAY	LB1214		REDUCTION ON/OFF,	
**	IC703 OP-AMP IC	M5218LF		REC MUTE ON/OFF)	
**	IC801 W-DECK	PDE013		,	
**	CONTROL	PDEOTS	CAPACI	TORS	
	IC601 DOLBY-B IC	TA7719P	Mark	Symbol & Description	Part No.
**			IVIAIR	Symbol & Description	rait No.
**	IC704 LOGIC IC	TC4052BP		C701	ACE-133
**	IC503 E-SW IC	μPC1290C		C511-C514, C747, C748	CCCSL101J50
*	D805	RD5.1 ESB		·	(CCDSL101J50)
*	D701—D707, D801—D803,	188131			
*	D806—D812	DDO CECD			
*	D813	RD3.6ESB			

rk Symbol & Description	Part No.
C751	CCCSL221J50 (CKCSL221J50)
C501, C502	CCCSL271J50 (CCDSL271J50)
C803	CCCSL680J50 (CCDSL680J50)
C705, C706 C752, C753	CCDSL101K500 CCDSL560K500
C619, C620 C529, C530, C533, C74	CEASR33M50 9 CEASR47M50
C531, C617, C618 C505—C508, C601, C60	CEASOR1 M50
C730, C731, C750, C80 C806	
C532, C613, C614, C62 C746, C801, C536	5, CEAS100M25
C535	CEAS101M10
C534	CEAS101M16
C623, C624, C711, C71 C732, C733	2, CEAS2R2M50
C517, C518	CEAS220M16
C509, C510, C622	CEAS221M10 CEAS330M16
C715, C723 C524, C525, C603, C60	
C710	.,
C521, C537, C538, C62 C703, C704, C728, C72	
C802	. ,
C754	CEAS101M10
C526, C527, C713, C71	4, CKCYB681K50 (CKDYB681K50
C503, C504	•
C605, C606	CKCYB821K50 (CKDYB821K50
C528, C745	CKDYF473Z50
C707, C709, C735, C73	
C702	CQMA123K50
C717, C722	CQMA123J50
C522, C523, C708, C74 C742	1, CQMA153J50
C609, C610	CQMA182J50
C716, C738 C519, C520	CQMA183J50 CQMA273J50
C724, C725	CQMA332J50
C51:5, C516, C607, C60 C611, C612	8 CQMA333J50 CQMA472J50
C615, C616, C718, C71	
C720, C721	
C539, C540, C734, C73	
C726, C727 C734, C737	CQMA683J50 CQMA822J50
3,34, 3,3,	
SISTORS	
TE: When ordering resistors, c into code form, and then re	
Symbol & Description	

tiaik Oyinbol a Bescription		niption	7 611 1201		
	*	VR703,	VR704	Semi-fixed	VRTB6VS223
	*	VR802,	VR803	Semi-fixed	VRTM6H103

IVIAIN		Symbol & Description	_ Fait NO.	
	*	VR701, VR702 Semi-fixed	VRTM6H104	
	*	VR501—VR504 Semi-fixed	VRTM6H2O2	
	*	VR801, VR804 Semi-fixed	VRTM6H2O3	
		R703, R825, R718	RD1/2PM 🗆 🗀 🖂 J	
		R521, R540, R621, R733 R787	RD1/4PM□□□J	
		Other resistors	RD1/8PM□□□J	

Part No.

M5218P

Symbol & Description

AF Assembly (GWM-466) **SEMICONDUCTORS** Mark Symbol & Description

★★ IC101, IC102 OP-AMP IC

Λ	**	IC401 AUDIO IC	STK4171
A	**	IC402, IC403 REGURATOR IC	μPC78M12F
	**	Q401	2SB1015
	**	Q101—Q108, Q402, Q403	2SC1740S
			(2SC2603)
	**	Q404	2SD438
	*	D401	KZL150
	*	D402	RD13EB
Æ	*	D407—D412	S5566
			(11E2)
	*	D417	RD5.1EB
	*	D102, D103, D415	1 SS1 31
	*	D403	1 S2471
A	*	D413	4 D4 B44
	*	D416	RD15ESB
		D414	RD16ES

SWITCHES AND RELLY

Mark	Symbol & Description	Part No.
^ **	S103 Push switch (POWER)	ASG-551
**	S102 Push switch	ASG1002
	(STEREO WIDE)	
**	S101 Push switch	SUJ8L22226
	(PHONO, CD, VIDEO,	
	TUNER, TAPE)	
 ★	RY401 Relly	ASR-111

COILS

Wark	Symbol & Description	Part No.	
	L401, L402 AF Choke coil	ATH-053	

CAPACITORS

Mark	Symbol & Description	Part No.
Æ.	C433 (0.01 μF/AC400V)	ACG1002
Æ	C430, C435	ACG-019
Φ	C431, C432	ACH-252
	C101, C103, C110, C112, C405, C406	CCCSL101J50
	C141, C142	CCCSL121J50
	C424	CEASR47M100
	C117, C118, C128, C135, C136	CEAS010M50
	C119, C120, C130, C411,	CEAS100M50
	C413, C416, C426, C428,	
	C310, C317	
	C412, C434	CEAS101M50

19

Mark	Symbol & Description	Part No.	Mark	Symbol & Description	Part No.	Mar
	C403, C404	CCCSL221J50		Screw (2x3)	PMZ20P030FZK	
	C102, C107, C111, C115,	CEAS2R2M50		Screw (3x6)	VBZ30P060FMC	
	C121, C122, C125, C126,			Screw (3x8)	VBZ30P080FMC	
	C131, C132, C137, C138,			Screw (3x6)	VMZ30P060FMC	
	C401, C402			001011 (0.0)		
	C310, C317	CEAS220M16	EQ Ass	embly		
	C407—C410, C423, C425	CEAS221 M25	SEMICO	NDUCTORS		
\triangle	C427	CEAS332M25	Mark	Symbol & Description	Part No.	
	C106, C116, C129, C420,	CEAS470M16		IC301, IC302 AUDIO IC	BA3812L	RES
	C421		**		BASSIZE	NO'
	C414, C429, C415, C417	CEAS470M25	CAPACI	TORS		Ma
	C422	CEAS471 M6	Mark	Symbol & Description	Part No.	Ma
	C127, C440	CKCYF473Z50		004.0	CEACR4EMEC	
		(CKDYF473Z50)		C313, C326	CEASR15M50	
	C139, C140	CKCYB681 K50		C315, C328	CEASR68M50	ОТ
	C123, C124	CKCYX103M25		C308, C323	CEAS101M10	
				C301, C302	CEAS4R7M50	Mai
	C104, C113	CQMA242J50		C309	CEAS470M16	
	C418, C419	CQMA473K50				
	C105, C114	CQMA822J50		C305, C318	CKCYB182K50	
	C133, C134	CKCYB391K50			(CKDYB182K50)	VR
	C108, C109	CEAS470M10		C307, C322	CKCYB331 K50	
					(CKDYB331 K50)	Mar
SIST	ORS			C303, C320	CKCYB391 K50	
OTE: W	When ordering resistors, conver	t the resistance value			(CKDYB391 K50)	
iı	nto code form, and then rewrite	the part no. as before.		C312, C325	CKCYB392K50	LEC
ark	Symbol & Description	Part No.			(CKDYB392K50)	SEN
^	DA44 D440	DD4 /0 DMEL 1 00 1		C304, C321	CKCYB682K50	
A	R441, R442	RD1/2PMFL100J			(CKDYB682K50)	Mari
^	R432, R437, R438	RD1/2PM 🗆 🗆 🖂		C306, C319	CKCYX153M25	
<u>^</u>	R419, R420	RD1/4PMFL100J			(CKDYX153M25)	
<u>A</u>	R435	RFA1/4PL101J				
<u>î</u>	R421, R422	RD1/4PMF100J		C314, C327	CKCYX183M25	Ext
					(CKDYX183M25)	2SA
<u>^</u>	R413	RD1/4PMFL222J		C316, C329	CKCX393M25	2SC
					(CKCX393M25)	
	R403—R411, R414, R415	RD1/4PM□□□J			(CKCX3331V123)	T
	R416—R418, R424, R425,	RD1/4PM□□□J		C311, C324	CKCYX683M25	Ту
	R416—R418, R424, R425, R426, R428, R429, R430,	RD1/4PM□□□J		C311, C324	,	Ту
	R416—R418, R424, R425, R426, R428, R429, R430, R434				CKCYX683M25	Ту
^	R416—R418, R424, R425, R426, R428, R429, R430,	RD1/4PM 🗆 🗆 🔾	RESISTO	DRS	CKCYX683M25 (CKDYX683M25)	Ту
	R416—R418, R424, R425, R426, R428, R429, R430, R434 R412	RFA1/4PL101J	NOTE: Wh	ORS en ordering resistors, conver	CKCYX683M25 (CKDYX683M25) rt the resistance value	Ту
À	R416—R418, R424, R425, R426, R428, R429, R430, R434 R412	RFA1/4PL101J RF1/2PS221J	NOTE: Wh	DRS	CKCYX683M25 (CKDYX683M25) rt the resistance value	
À	R416—R418, R424, R425, R426, R428, R429, R430, R434 R412	RFA1/4PL101J	NOTE: Wh	ORS en ordering resistors, conver	CKCYX683M25 (CKDYX683M25) rt the resistance value	ВАЗІ
À	R416—R418, R424, R425, R426, R428, R429, R430, R434 R412 R433 R423 R443, R444 R431, R436	RFA1/4PL101J RF1/2PS221J RS1LMF681J RS2LMF271J RS2LMF4R7J	NOTE: Wh int Mark	ORS nen ordering resistors, conver o code form, and then rewrite Symbol & Description	CKCYX683M25 (CKDYX683M25) To the resistance value the part no. as before.	ВАЗ
A	R416—R418, R424, R425, R426, R428, R429, R430, R434 R412 R433 R423 R443, R444	RFA1/4PL101J RF1/2PS221J RS1LMF681J RS2LMF271J	NOTE: Wh int	ORS nen ordering resistors, converso code form, and then rewrite Symbol & Description VR301 Slide variable resistor	CKCYX683M25 (CKDYX683M25) If the resistance value the part no. as before. Part No. ACU1001	BA38 BA34
<u>^</u> <u>^</u>	R416—R418, R424, R425, R426, R428, R429, R430, R434 R412 R433 R423 R443, R444 R431, R436 Other resistors	RFA1/4PL101J RF1/2PS221J RS1LMF681J RS2LMF271J RS2LMF4R7J	NOTE: Wh int Mark	ORS nen ordering resistors, conver o code form, and then rewrite Symbol & Description	CKCYX683M25 (CKDYX683M25) To the resistance value the part no. as before.	ВАЗ
A A A	R416—R418, R424, R425, R426, R428, R429, R430, R434 R412 R433 R423 R443, R444 R431, R436 Other resistors	RFA1/4PL101J RF1/2PS221J RS1LMF681J RS2LMF271J RS2LMF4R7J	NOTE: Wh int Mark ★	ORS ten ordering resistors, convert to code form, and then rewrite Symbol & Description VR301 Slide variable resistor Other resistors	CKCYX683M25 (CKDYX683M25) If the resistance value the part no. as before. Part No. ACU1001	BA38
Æ Æ Æ	R416—R418, R424, R425, R426, R428, R429, R430, R434 R412 R433 R423 R443, R444 R431, R436 Other resistors	RFA1/4PL101J RF1/2PS221J RS1LMF681J RS2LMF271J RS2LMF4R7J RD1/8PM 🗆 🗆 🗆 J	NOTE: Whint Mark * MIC As	ORS ten ordering resistors, converto code form, and then rewrite Symbol & Description VR301 Slide variable resistor Other resistors	CKCYX683M25 (CKDYX683M25) If the resistance value the part no. as before. Part No. ACU1001	BA36 BA36
♠ ♠ ↑	R416—R418, R424, R425, R426, R428, R429, R430, R434 R412 R433 R423 R443, R444 R431, R436 Other resistors RS Symbol & Description 2P Pin jack (OUTPUT) 6P Pin jack (INPUT, PHONO,	RFA1/4PL101J RF1/2PS221J RS1LMF681J RS2LMF271J RS2LMF4R7J RD1/8PM □ □ □ J	NOTE: Whint Mark * MIC As	ORS ten ordering resistors, convert to code form, and then rewrite Symbol & Description VR301 Slide variable resistor Other resistors	CKCYX683M25 (CKDYX683M25) If the resistance value the part no. as before. Part No. ACU1001	BA36 BA36
♠ ♠ ↑	R416—R418, R424, R425, R426, R428, R429, R430, R434 R412 R433 R423 R443, R444 R431, R436 Other resistors RS Symbol & Description 2P Pin jack (OUTPUT) 6P Pin jack (INPUT, PHONO, CD, VIDEO)	RFA1/4PL101J RF1/2PS221J RS1LMF681J RS2LMF271J RS2LMF4R7J RD1/8PM □ □ □ J Part No. AKB-093 AKB-095	Mark MIC As SEMICO Mark	DRS ten ordering resistors, converted to code form, and then rewrite Symbol & Description VR301 Slide variable resistor Other resistors sembly NDUCTORS Symbol & Description	CKCYX683M25 (CKDYX683M25) rt the resistance value the part no. as before. Part No. ACU1001 RD1/8PM □ □ □ J	BA36 BA36
♠ ♠ ↑	R416—R418, R424, R425, R426, R428, R429, R430, R434 R412 R433 R423 R443, R444 R431, R436 Other resistors RS Symbol & Description 2P Pin jack (OUTPUT) 6P Pin jack (INPUT, PHONO, CD, VIDEO) 4P Terminal (SPEAKER)	RFA1/4PL101J RF1/2PS221J RS1LMF681J RS2LMF271J RS2LMF4R7J RD1/8PM □ □ □ J Part No. AKB-093 AKB-095 AKE-109	MIC As SEMICO	DRS ten ordering resistors, converted code form, and then rewrite Symbol & Description VR301 Slide variable resistor Other resistors sembly NDUCTORS Symbol & Description 0202	CKCYX683M25 (CKDYX683M25) rt the resistance value the part no. as before. Part No. ACU1001 RD1/8PM □ □ □ J Part No. 2SA933S	BA36 BA36
∱ ∱ THEF	R416—R418, R424, R425, R426, R428, R429, R430, R434 R412 R433 R423 R443, R444 R431, R436 Other resistors RS Symbol & Description 2P Pin jack (OUTPUT) 6P Pin jack (INPUT, PHONO, CD, VIDEO)	RFA1/4PL101J RF1/2PS221J RS1LMF681J RS2LMF271J RS2LMF4R7J RD1/8PM □ □ □ J Part No. AKB-093 AKB-095	Mark MIC As SEMICO Mark	DRS ten ordering resistors, converted to code form, and then rewrite Symbol & Description VR301 Slide variable resistor Other resistors sembly NDUCTORS Symbol & Description	CKCYX683M25 (CKDYX683M25) rt the resistance value the part no. as before. Part No. ACU1001 RD1/8PM □ □ □ J	BA3 BA3
<u>^</u>	R416—R418, R424, R425, R426, R428, R429, R430, R434 R412 R433 R423 R443, R444 R431, R436 Other resistors RS Symbol & Description 2P Pin jack (OUTPUT) 6P Pin jack (INPUT, PHONO, CD, VIDEO) 4P Terminal (SPEAKER)	RFA1/4PL101J RF1/2PS221J RS1LMF681J RS2LMF271J RS2LMF4R7J RD1/8PM □ □ □ J Part No. AKB-093 AKB-095 AKE-109	MIC As SEMICO	DRS ten ordering resistors, convert to code form, and then rewrite Symbol & Description VR301 Slide variable resistor Other resistors Sembly NDUCTORS Symbol & Description 0202 0201	CKCYX683M25 (CKDYX683M25) rt the resistance value the part no. as before. Part No. ACU1001 RD1/8PM □ □ □ J Part No. 2SA933S	ВАЗ

Symbol & Description

C202

C206

C204

ABA-271

ACE-525

BBZ30P080FZK

PBZ30P060FMC

Screw

Rivet

Screw (3x8)

Screw (3x6)

Mark	Symbol & Description	Part No.
	C205	CEAS470M25
	C201	CKCYB102K50
		(CKDYB102K50)
	C203	CKCYB472K50
		(CKDYB472K50)
	C207, C208	CKCYF473Z50
		(CKDYF473Z50)

RESISTORS

NOTE: When ordering resistors, convert the resistance value into code form, and then rewrite the part no. as before.

Symbol & Description

	All resistors	RD1/8PM□□□J
OTHER	S	
Mark	Symbol & Description	Part No.
	MIC jack (MIC)	AKN-060
	Mini jack (PHONES)	AKN1001
VR Ass	embly	
Mark	Symbol & Description	Part No.
*	VR401 (VOLUME)	ACU1002

LED Assembly (A) SEMICONDUCTOR

Mark	Symbol & Description	Part No.
**	D101 LED	AEL-443

LED Assembly (B) **SEMICONDUCTORS**

ark	Symbol & Description	Part No.
**	Q901	2SC2603
		(2SC1740S)
*	D904 LED	AEL-382
*	D902, D903 LED	AEL-424
*	D901	1SS131

RESISTORS

NOTE: When ordering resistors, convert the resistance value into code form, and then rewrite the part no. as before.

Mark	Symbol & Description	Part No.	
	All resistors	RD1/8PM□□□J	

LED Assembly (C) SEMICONDUCTORS

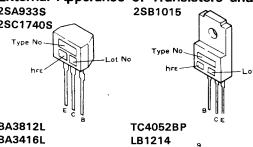
SEIVITO	CINDOCIONS		
Mark	Symbol & Description	Part No.	
*	D905, D907 LED	AEL-424	
*	D906	188131	

RESISTORS

NOTE: When ordering resistors, convert the resistance value into code form, and then rewrite the part no. as before.

Mark	Symbol & Description	Part No.
	All resistors	RD1/8PM□□□.I

External Apperance of Transistors and ICs 2SA933\$

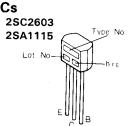


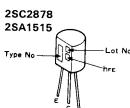
LB1214

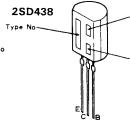
TA7719P



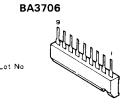
Part No.

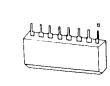






M5218LF

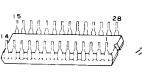


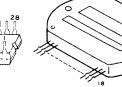


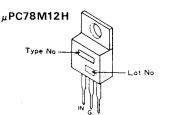
μPC1290C PDE013



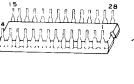


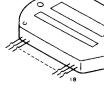












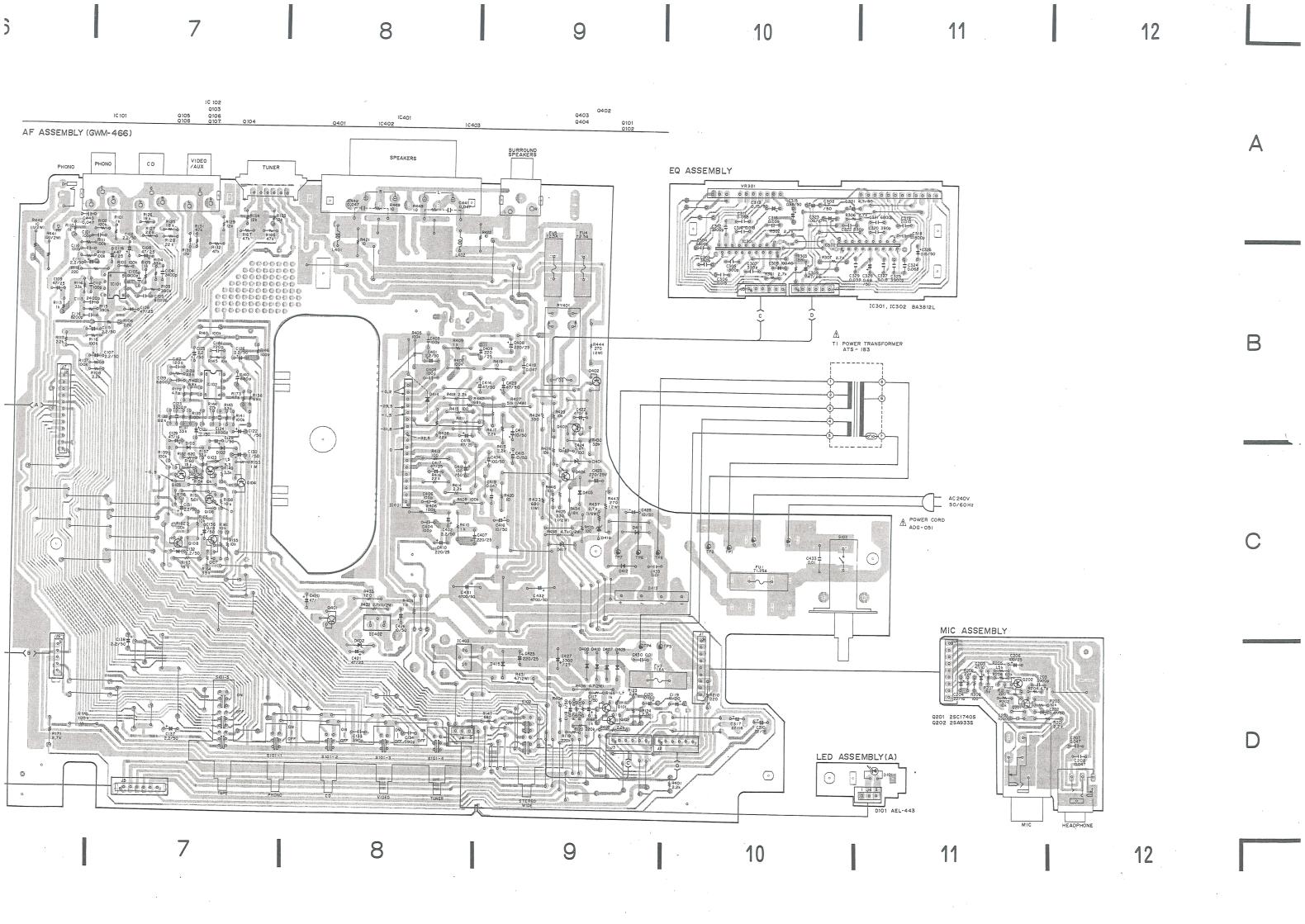
Part No.

CEASR47M50

CEAS101M25

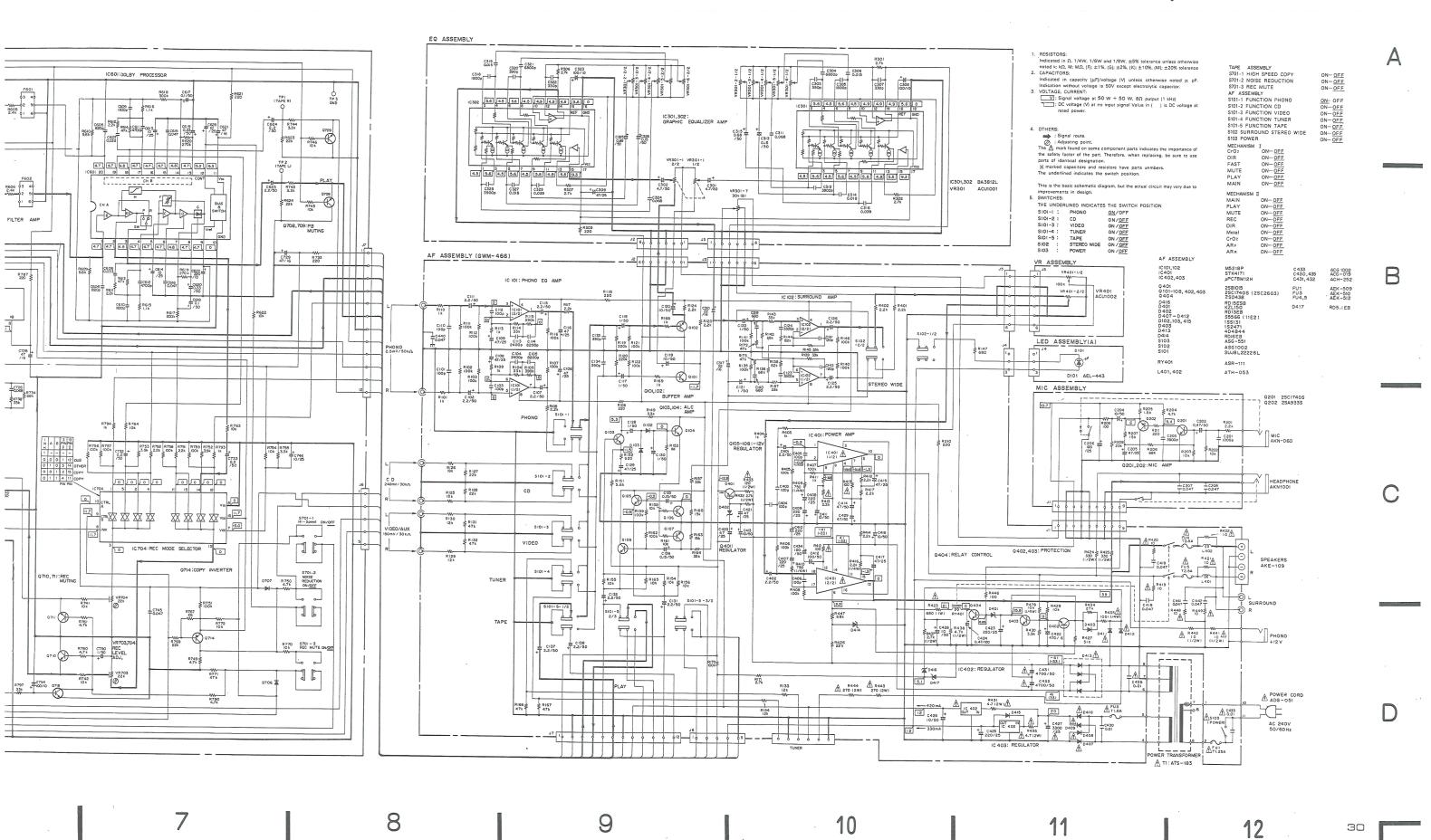
CEAS220M16

DC-X55Z(BK) 8. P.C. BOARDS CONNECTION DIAGRAM Q 509 Q 510 Q 508 IC503 Q702 Q805 Q507 Q517 Q703 Q701 Q801 IC501 IC703 IC702 IC701 Q711 Q710 Q717 Q715 Q501 Q703 Q707 Q504 Q716 Q806 IC801 Q502 Q718 Q705 Q704 VR503 VR504 VR501 VR502 VR702 VR704 VR703 AF ASSEMBLY (GWM-466) VR803 VR802 TAPE ASSEMBLY (GWM-463) CASSETTE MECHANISM ASSEMBLY 2SB1015 2SD438 D102, D103, D415 D401, D416 D402 D403 D407~ D412 KZL150 RD13EB 1S2471 S5566 (11E2) 4D4B44 RDISESB RDS.IEB RD 16 EB LED ASSEMBLY(B) FAST Q901 2SC2603 D901 1SS131 D902,D903 AEL-424 D904 AEL-382 PLAY LED ASSEMBLY(C) CrO2 VR ASSEMBLY MECHANISM BOARD-I TAPE ASSEMBLY
IC501 BA3416L
IC502 BA3706
IC503 PC1290C
IC601 TA7719P
IC701,IC702
LB1214
IC703 MS218LF
IC704 TC4052BP
IC801 PDE013 Q501 ~ Q504,Q507~ Q512,Q514, Q517,Q518,Q601,Q602,Q703~Q705, Q708~Q711,Q715~Q718,Q806 2SC603(2SC1740S) 5 0 0 0 0 0 2SC603 (2SC1740S)
0505, Q506, Q515, Q706, Q707,
Q714, Q803 – Q805, Q807
2SA1115 (2SA933S)
Q801,Q802 2SA1155
Q701,Q702 2SD438 D701 ~ D707, D801~ D803, D806 ~ D812 188131 5



NOT

The indicated semiconductors are representative ones only. Other alternative semiconductors may be used and are listed in the parts list.



10. CIRCUIT DESCRIPTIONS

10-1. BASIC BLOCKS OF DC-X55Z AND DC-X33Z SIGNAL SYSTEMS

The difference of the two is mainly at the deck section. Table 10-1 indicates the comparative table. As the DC-X33Z is a lower model of DC-X55Z, description will be given mainly on the DC-X55Z.

The signal system basic block is herein indicated so as to comprehend the DC-X55Z signal system from 10-1-1 to 10-1-4.

Table. 10-1

		DC-X33Z	DC-X55Z	Remark
Mechanism structure		Single (Mechanism 2*1)	Double (Mechanism 1*2 and 2)	*1:Approximately similar to the mechanism 2 of DC-X55Z (REC/PB mechanism) *2:Playback only
	Head	E.H and REC/PB H	E.H and REC/PB H Mechanism 2 side PB H Mechanism 1 side	
	Motor	Rotation number is adjusted by the main body of motor.	Rotation number is adjusted on the board separate from the motor. (Double speed/normal speed)	
suc	Copy function	×	(Double speed copy is enable)	
functions	Dubbing function	×	0	
1	Relay play	X	0	
Main	REC MUTE	X	0	
	Control microcomputer	PDE013	PDE013	
in IC	Dolby IC	TA7719	TA7719	
Main	Others	×	TC4052BP	IC704 is an IC provided for copy and dubbing functions.

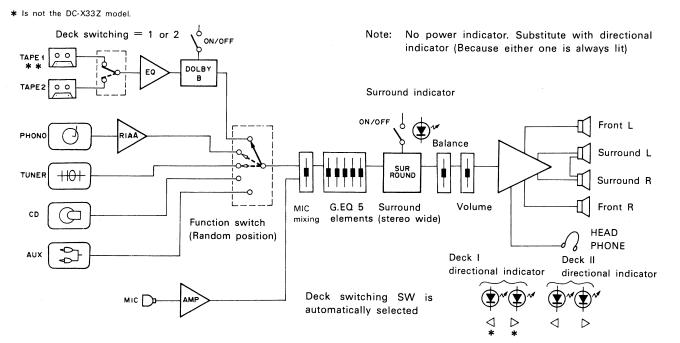
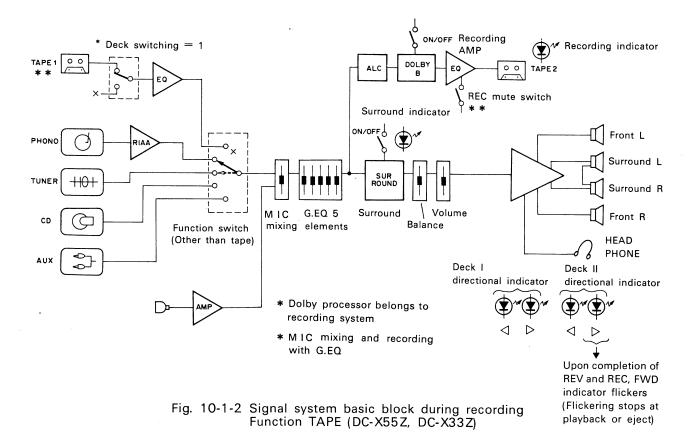
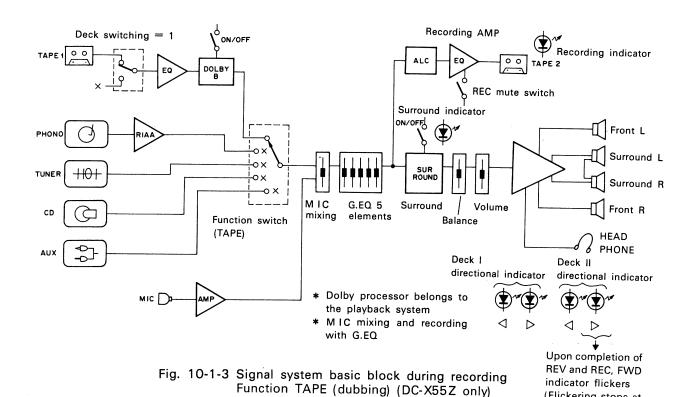


Fig. 10-1-1 Signal system basic block during playback (DC-X55Z, DC-X33Z)





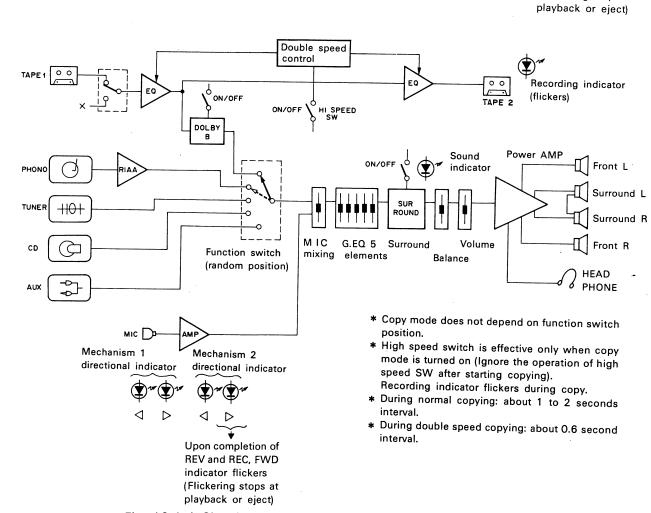


Fig. 10-1-4 Signal system basic block during copy (DC-X55Z only)

10-2. BLOCK DIAGRAM

Fig. 10-2-1 indicates the block diagram of DC-X55Z. Take note that there is no mark in the Fig. of DC-X33Z.

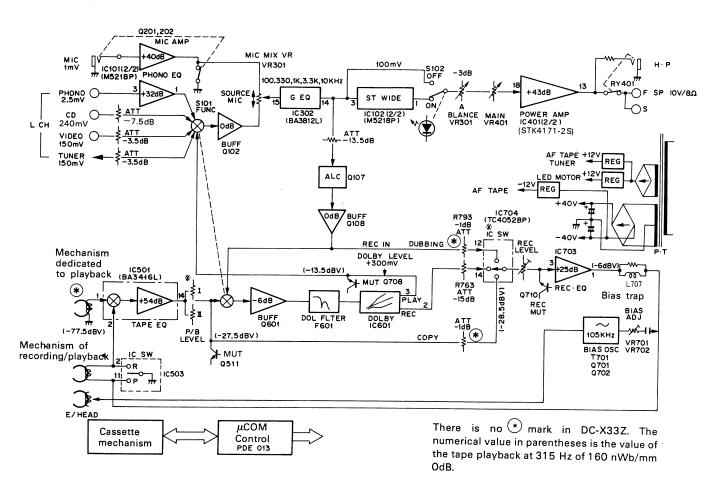


Fig. 10-2-1 Block diagram

The characteristic of this model is that it has only one system in the deck playback system and that this system uses the respective modes of operation separately so that the mechanism 1 does not overlap with the signal system of mechanism 2.

(Flickering stops at

10-3. LEVEL DIAGRAM

Fig. 10-3-1 shows the level diagram.

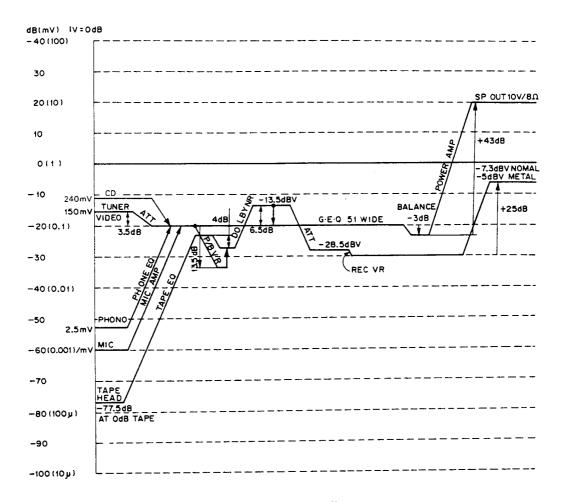


Fig. 10-3-1 Level diagram

10-4. SURROUND AND STEREO WIDE CIRCUIT

Fig. 10-4-1 shows the block diagram of the surround and stereo wide circuits.

This circuit leaves the normal component of the medium and low bands as is, and adds the inverse plase to the high and medium band components (There are many reverberal components and ambiance components). In this manner, the normal position of the bass, vocal, etc. become devoid of bad effects, and the sound is heard widening toward the left and right. Also, if a surround loudspeaker is used, one gets the feeling of being surrounded by the sound.

Regarding Fig. 10-4-1

- 1. The input signals of L and R go through a filter which suppresses the respective medium and high band components.
- Creates an L and R signal component difference and perform addition to the L-ch and subtraction to the R-ch.
- By performing such calculations, it emphasizes the differential signal components in the medium and high bands in the original source, and obtains a wide sound which is not unnatural (distorted feeling).

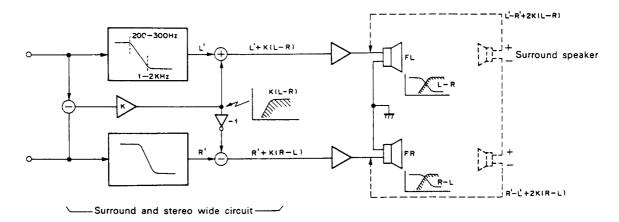
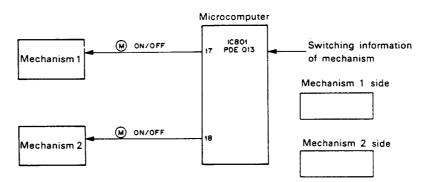


Fig. 10-4-1 Surround and stereo wide circuit block diagram

10-5. MICROCOMPUTER FOR CONTROL

The microcomputer IC801 (PDE013) of DC-X55Z gives the on-off commands of the motor only against the mechanism (mechanism 1 and mechanism 2). Also as input, it observes the switch information of the mechanism. The on-off operation of the motor is carried out with this switch information. See Fig. 10-5-1.

In addition, this microcomputer also controls the circuit block (See Fig. 10-5-2). In 2 10-5-3, there is a list of the typical timing chart, pin name and functions.



* SW information on the mechanism 1 side Main SW→Same as mechanism 2 Play SW→Same as mechanism 2 Mute SW→Same as mechanism 2 First SW→On where the knob of FF or REW is being pressed Direction SW→Same as mechanism 2 Chrome SW→Off when chrome or metal

* SW information on the mechanism 2 side (Except stop or pause)
Main SW→On when knob is turned on
Play SW→On when the play knob is pressed
Mute SW→On when the head and tape is in contact
REC SW→On when REC knob is pressed
Direction SW→On when in reverse playback
Anti-REC A SW→Off when claw on A side is broken
Anti-REC B SW→Off when claw on B side is broken
Mode SW→Off when labely is labely is labely chrome SW→Off when chrome and metal
Metal SW→Off when metal

Fig. 10-5-1 Function of control microcomputer

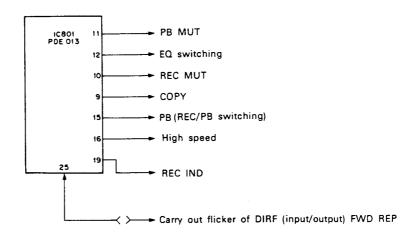


Fig. 10-5-2 Control of microcomputer circuit block dedicated to control

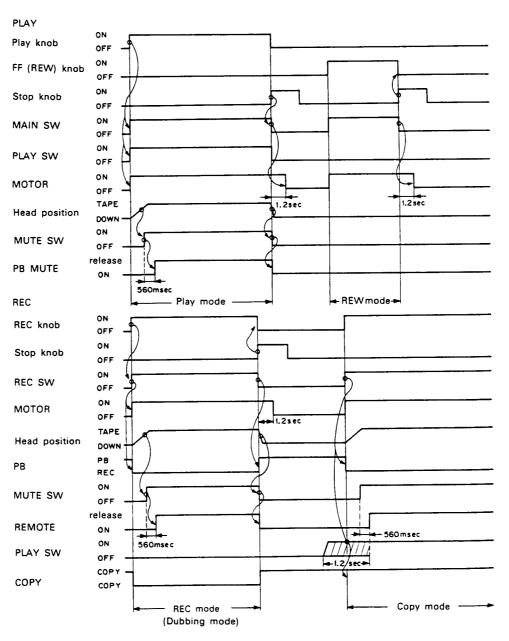


Fig. 10-5-3 (1/2) PDE013 timing chart

Pin name and functions

Pin No.	Pin name	Input/output of siganl	Function		
21	ARR	Input	B side erroneous recording prevention claw SW input of mechanism II: "1" when bloken.		
22	ARF	Input	A side erroneous recording prevention claw SW input of mechanism II: "1" whoroken.		
23	SYNC	Input	Sync SW input in common: "0" when sync knob is pressed ^{Note 1)}		
24	MAIN (1)	Input	Main SW input of mechanism 1: "O" when all the knobs are pressed except stop		
25	DIRF	Input/output	DIR SW input and flickering output of mechanism II: "0" when B side is running ^{Note 2}		
26	DIR	Input	DIR SW input and flickering output of mechanism I: "0" when B side is running		
27	MUTE (1)	Input	Mute SW input of mechanism I: "O" when head is turned up		
28	PLAY (1)	Input	Play SW input of mechanism I: "O" when play knob is pressed		
1	MAIN (2)	Input	Main SW input of mechanism II: "O" when all the knobs are pressed except stop o pause		
2	PLAY (2)	Input	Play SW input of mechanism II: "O" when play knob is pressed		
3	MUTE (2)	Input	Mute SW input of mechanism II: "O" when head is turned up		
4	REC	Input	REC SW input of mechanism II: "O" when REC knob is pressed		
7	INT	Input	High speed SW input:Note 3)		
8	RES	Input	Reset input		
9	COPY	Output	Copy output ("0" during REC plus the fact that it is not in copy mode)		
10	REC MUTE	Output	REC mute output ("0" when only REC mute is released)		
11	MUTE	Output	PB mute output ("O" when only PB mute is released)		
12	EQ	Output	EQ switching output ("1" during playback of mechanism I, "0" during playback of mechanism II)		
15	PB	Output	Recording/playback switching of mechanism II ("1" during PB, "0" during REC		
16	HISPEED	Output	Double speed switching output ("1" during double speed, "0" during normal)		
17	M1	Output	Motor control output of mechanism I ("O" during on)		
18	M2	Output	Motor control output of mechanism II ("O" during on)		
19	REC IND	Output	Recording IND output ("O" when lit)Note 4)		

Fig. 10-5-3(2/2) PDE013 pin name and function

* The output pins are all open collector outputs.

Note 1: Sync SW is not used. In this case, PULL DOWN sync input.

Note 2: Only when DIRF input is 1 (During A side running), it may cause flickering output.

Flickering condition: When it is stopped during recording of REV side.

Flickering condition: When all the knobs are pressed except stop or pause, or when

ejected.

Flickering ascertains that the running is in FWD, and does not have any connection with the ordinary operations.

Note 3: Immediately after start of copying, it instantaneously operates as input. The trigger is REC mute output.

During high speed REC mute INT During normal High speed SW

Note 4: During REC→lights

During copying

During normal→Repeats flickering at about 1.2 sec

interval

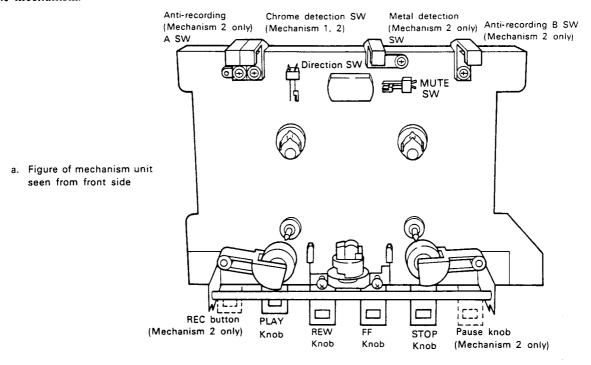
During high speed \rightarrow Repeats flickering at about

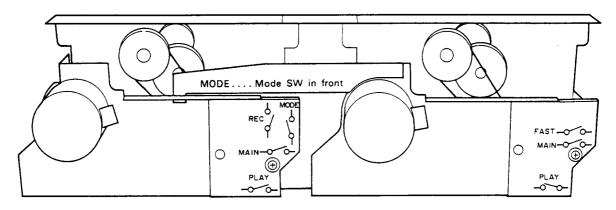
0.6 sec interval

10-6. RELATIONSHIP BETWEEN MECHANISM OPERATION AND CONTROL MICROCOMPUTER

Before going into the main subject, Fig. 10-6-1 indicates the position and its role of the various SW on the mechanism.

In addition, as the names of "Mode" SW and "Direction" SW are used frequently in this manual, it is recommended that due notice be taken in their relation to the front panel.





b. Figure seen of mechanism from direction of arrow by opening of bonnet

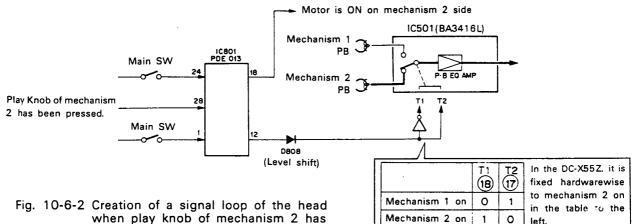
Fig. 10-6-1 Position and role of the various SW

10-6-1. When Mechanism 1 or Mechanism 2 Operates (Slay) Independently

The microcomputer coserves with the main switch, as indicated in Fig. 10-6-1(b), as to which knob of the mechanism has been pressed. Against the side of the mechanism of which this switch is on, the signal is output which turns the motor on.

Next, as explained in the block diagram 2, the DC-X55Z has only a single playback amp. Therefore it becomes necessary to make a loop in order to send to the playback amp, the playback signal obtained from the head on the selected mechanism side.

These functions are indicated in Fig. 10-6-2.



when play knob of mechanism 2 has been pressed

10-6-2. When Mechanism 2 Side Performs **REC Operation**

Pin (12) output (EQ output) of IC801 (PDE013) is switched to playback of mechanism 1 at "H".

Make pin (15) (mechanism 2 recording/palyback switching output) into "L" and induce REC mode. By doing so,

- IC503 is switched to REC mode.
- Make into operation possible state the SW of IC704. (Make to enable)
- Operates the bias oscillator
- · Lights the REC IND

The above-mentioned operate and mechanism 2 goes into REC operation.

Moreover, as to the judgment whether it enables the REC operation in practice is judged by the anti-REC SW [See Fig. 10-6-1(a)] alone. (This model is structured mechanically so that the REC knob may be pressed even when the tape erroneous erasure prevention claw is broken. In case the claw is broken, it is so structured that the motor does not rotate and recording may not be performed.)

When reading the anti-REC SW state, it is performed during the start of REC. (The microcomputer does not observe thereafter). These relationships are shown in Fig. 10-6-3.

In Fig. 10-6-3, when the erroneous erasure prevention claw is broken, pins (2) and (22) of the microcomputer become "H" due to the anti-REC SW being off, and therefore does not become into the REC state.

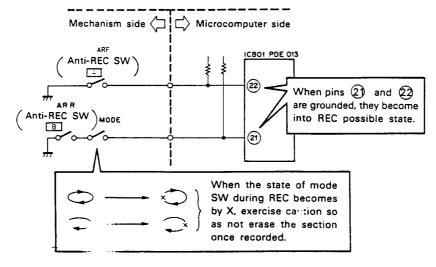


Fig. 10-6-3

10-6-3. Relay-play Operation

The DC-X55Z does not have this function.

In order to become into the relay-play operation, it is conditioned that both play switches are on of mechanisms 1 and 2.

It is also so structured that the first played mechanism is always played back on the A side. In addition, in accordance with the state of the tape playback mode SW on the front panel, the operation will become as shown in 2 10-6-4 (According to the example set forth in 2, both mechanisms of 1 and 2 are in the auto-reverse mode.)

In Fig. 10-6-4, the signal which serves as a trigger by detection of tape end and changing tape from B to A is due to the direction switch which is shown in 2 10-6-1. (Off when playing back A side and on when entering B side playback) In accordance with the information of this switch, pins 2 and 2 of the microcomputer change.

When mechanism 1 becomes from A side to B side and the B side becomes end, the microcomputer observes that it is in mechanism 2. At this point, if mechanism 2 awaits at play, make pin 17 from "L" to "H" and stop mechanism 1. Furthermore, make pin 18 from "H" to "L" and play mechanism 2.

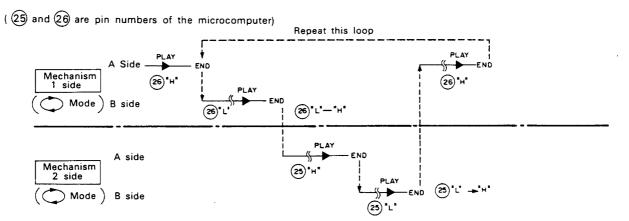


Fig. 10-6-4

10-6-4. Copy Operation

Not available for DC-X55Z.

By pressing the sync knob on the front, mechanism 1 becomes into play state and mechanism 2 into REC state. The microcomputer observes this state (When the play SW enters into about ± 1.2 sec against the REC SW) and judges that it has become into copy mode.

When it becomes into this mode, the microcomputer makes a series of operations as follows:

- Observes the state of the high speed SW.
 A pulse of approximately 20 μsec is output from pin (10). If this can be read at pins (7) it becomes into high speed recording mode.
- Set to normal recording or high speed recording.
 High speed recording when pin 6 is "H".
 Normal speed recording when pin 6 is "L".
- Flickers REC IND.
 0.6 sec cycle during high speed recording
 1.2 sec cycle during normal speed recording
- 4. Makes mechanism 1 into play, and mechanism 2 into REC. Makes pin (9) to "H".

10-6-5. Others

Warning against misrecording

In the DC-X55Z when the recording is cut off on the midst of the B side, and then it is desired to continue the recording thereafter on the B side the following operation is performed.

- 1. Turn on PAUSE.
- 2. Provide for recording state.
- 3. Provide for B side with direction switch.
- 4. Release PAUSE.

Caution should be exercised because when the recording state is engaged outright, recording will be performed on the A side. In order to prompt this caution, this unit flickers the ">" side of ">" (Pin 25 output of microcomputer)



11. MECHANISM OUTLINE

11-1. MAJOR SPECIFICATIONS OF **MECHANISM**

Tape speed

4.76 cm/sec (9.5 cm/sec)

Wow and flutter

0.2% JIS WRMS at

4.76 cm/sec

FF and REW time Take up torque

 $40 + 25 - 5 \text{ g} \cdot \text{cm}$

 $105 \pm 15 \text{ sec}$

FF and REW torque

Over 80 g · cm less than

200 g · cm

Back tension torque

 $3 + 2 - 1 g \cdot cm$

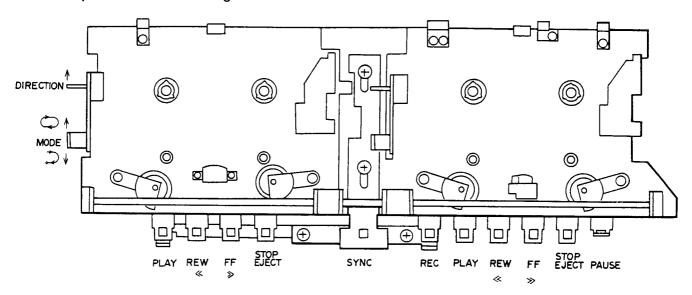
Pinch roller pressing force

220 to 330g

Reverse time at the tape end Less than 4 sec (PLAY)

11-2. OPERATION OUTLINE OF **MECHANICAL SECTION**

11-2-1. Operation Lever Arrangement



11-2-2. Play

It is put into play mode by the mechanical assist.

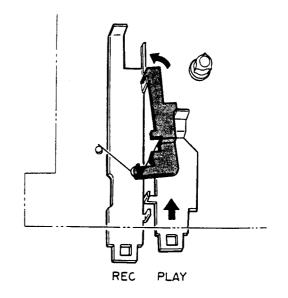
11-2-3. REC & Play

Play mechanism

In the play mode it becomes into \leq (REW) or >>(FF), and REV or CUE operation. If it has been in the music selection mode (separate circuit) <<(REW) or >>(FF) is locked and it can be released by the solenoid switch being turned off.

REC mechanism

- 1. When the operation lever of the REC is pressed, that of play is also linked to operate.
- When in the play mode, if the REC operation lever is pressed. it does not operate.
- When in >>(REW) or <<(FF) mode, if the REC operation lever is pressed, it does not operate.
- When in the play mode, if <<(REW) or >>(FF)operation lever is pressed, the play mode is released and it becomes into <<(REW) or >>(FF) single mode.

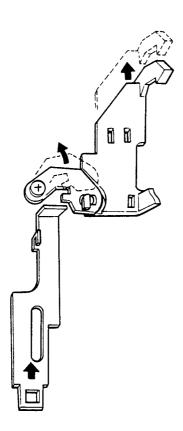


11-2-4. << & >> (REW & FF)

- It becomes into the REW & FF against the FWD mode and becomes the FF & REW mode against the REV mode.
- 2. Direct lever pressing << REW to >>(FF) or from >>(REW) to <<(FF) is not permissible. Be sure to press the lever once via the stop operation.

11-2-5. Stop/Eject

- 1. Releases the lock of other operation plates. (Except for PAUSE)
- When the other operation plates are not locked, press the latch lever.
- 3. When the head board is in the suficiently advanced state, the STOP plate cannot be inserted even when the other operation plates are unlocked. (The above-mentioned situation is conceivable when the power switch becomes off during the play mode and thereafter the stop operation is performed and the carrying out of the eject operation is intended.)
- 4. The state of the PAUSE plate has no relations to the operation of the STOP/EJECT plate.



11-2-6. Pause

During the REC or play mode, it can be turned into the pause mode by pulling back the head board a little.

11-2-7. Direction

- When the operation is performed dring the REC or play modes, the tape running direction changes to FWD → REV or REV → FWD.
- This operation is prohibited when it is not in the REC or play mode.
 See the description of "DIRECTION".

11-2-8. Mode

- 1. In the mode of , the tape running direction is automatically changed at the tape end of the FWD or REV and this operation is repeated.
- 2. In the mode of \supset , the tape running direction becomes REV at the tape end of FWD and automatically released at the tape end of REV.
- During << or >>, the tape running directions are automatically released at the respective tape ends.
 See the description of "MODE SELECTION".

11-2-9. Head Rotation

The deviation of the "slide plate 8" to the right or left corresponds to the head rotation and the selection of "pinch arm assembly R (5)" and "pinch arm assembly L (36)".

2. During the stop mode (the state in which none of the operations are being carried out), the head board is positioned at the furthermost back.

The "slide plate (8)" is drawn to the right direction by "spring (9)". This is specified as the FWD standby state.

The "collar ① " of the slide plate contacts with the A section of the U shaped slot of the board. Therefore, the head does not rotate completely and, accordingly, it provides a clearance in the azimuth adjusting section B. This is provided to prevent the shock caused when switching of the REV — FWD mode

3. When the head board is advanced the "collar 10" moves to the C section of the U shaped slot. Since this section is larger than the A section, the "slide plate 8" is further pulled to the right direction and the head rotation is regulated by the azimuth adjusting section B via the "head gear B 11". At this point, there is a clearance provided between the "collar 10" and the board C section.

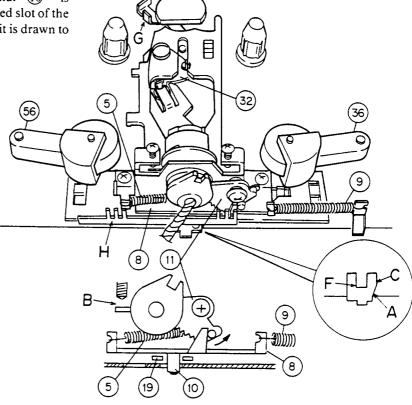


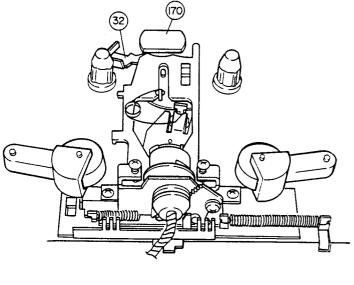
4. When the "reverse A 32" is rotated, the "collar 10" is shifted to the left via the "pinch pressure lever caulking assembly 19". The shifting amount is in degree to the making of a clearance between the "slide plate 8" and the projection D of the "head gear B 11". As a result, the head is rotated until it contacts with the azimuth adjusting section E by the pressure of the "head gear spring 5".

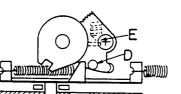
As the head board advances, the "collar ①" is supported by the F section of the U shaped slot of the board, and maintains the state in which it is drawn to the left, and becomes in REV mode.

5. In the stop mode, move the G section of the "reverse A ③ " in the direction of arrow by hand as shown in Fig., and the operation condition can be found. Moreover, the head board can be advanced to observe the condition with the H section. Finally, be sure to confirm that the head board has

completely been recoded.







11-2-10. FWD Priority

- Once the stop operation is carried out, the next REC or play operation is started from the FWD mode. When pause is required in the process of REV mode, perform pause operation.
- 2. The aforementioned head rotation operation is carried out by every half rotation of the "reverse cam (170)".
 - It becomes into the FWD mode after a short pin has passed through and the REV mode after a long pin has passed through.
- If the stop operation is carried out from the REV mode, the head board is receded and it becomes into the FWD standby mode as mentioned previously.
- 4. The "reverse A 32" is also returned at this point; however, the long pin of the "reverse cam (70)" is being pushed a little. Consequently, the "reverse cam (70)" turns a half rotation immediately or immediately after the motor is activated again to synchronize with the FWD mode related to the head board.

11-2-11. Play Assist

1. When the "play plate (56)" is inserted, it sets the "assist arm (65)" free and rotates the "assist gear (67)" a little by the force of the "trigger returning spring (66)".

The assist gear becomes engaged with the gear of the flywheel and it turns nearly one rotation and when it arrives at the notch of the gear, it is stopped by the top section of the assist arm.

A cam is formed on the other side of the assist gear and the "auxiliary plate ② " is pushed up alongside the cam face and pulls up the "head board ① " through the "spring ① ".

- through the "spring (4)".

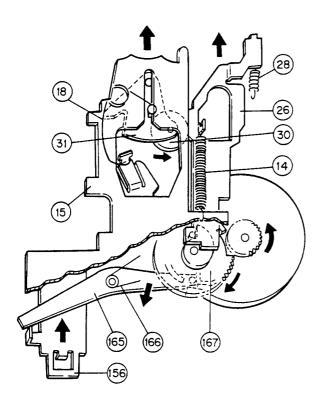
 2. The "idler gear (30)" is attached to the "idler gear plate (31)" and the selection of the FWD and REV modes are capable by the "inverse spring (18)". The transmission of the take-up torque to the reel table becomes possible by advaning the head board.
- 3. When the "play plate (56)" is returned by the stop operation, etc., the "assist arm (65)" is also returned and the "assist gear (67)" becomes free and it is receded together with the "head board (15)" and the "auxiliary plate (26)" by the head returning spring (28)"

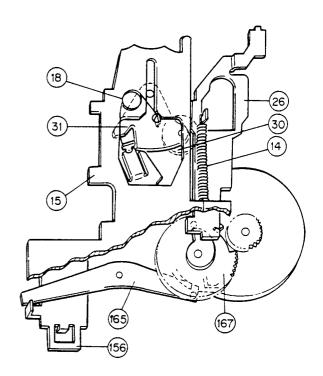
11-2-12. Reverse Auxiliary Plate

During the REV mode, the "idler (30)" receives the pushing back force in relation to the rotation direction. When the head board advances, the edge of the "idler plate (31)" is held to prevent it from being pushed back

11-2-13. Direction

- 1. Switching of the FWD and REV is carried out by every half rotation of the "reverse cam (70)". (Refer to item 9 and 10) The "reverse gear (29)" is connected to this across the board.
 - There are two V shaped concave section which face each other at 180° on the cam face closer to the inner circumference of the "reverse gear (29)". In addition, two V shaped convex sections face each other at 180° on the cam face closer to the outer circumference of the said gear. The outer circumference has 2 notch sections.
- 2. The tip pin section of the "DR lever (22)" is engaged with the concaved section of the reverse gear cam face by "spring (21)" to fix the gear position. At this position, due to gear notching section, it is not engaged with the "tension pulley (127)" which is always rotating at a low speed.
- 3. When the operating edge of the "DR lever (22)" is drawn toward you, the pin section comes out from the concaved section of the cam face and strikes against the sloped face of the concave and rotates this reverse gear a little.
- 4. Accordingly, the gear enchagement is started and the reverse gear rotates only by half rotation.
- 5. The shift operation of the "DR lever (2)" is so designed as to prohibit the play plate from being inserted relative to the A section and the "play plate (5)"

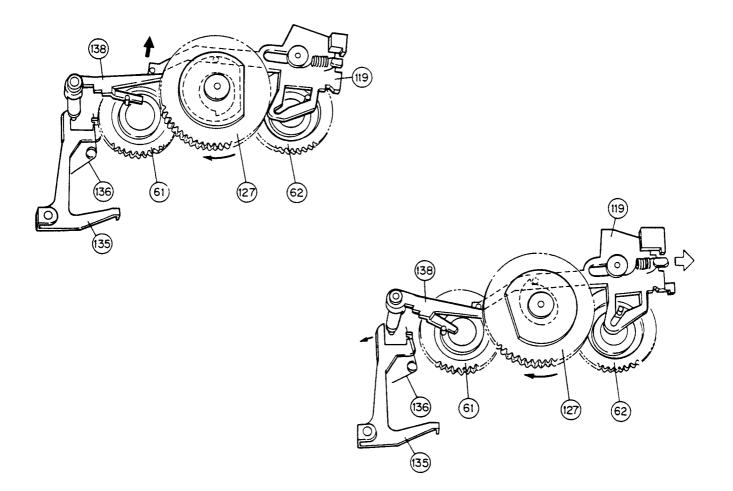




11-2-14. Automatic

- 1. On the lower part of the "reel tables 61 and 62". there is a pin which is connected to them by a small torque to rotate together.
- 2. The pin contacts against the short branch of the "detection prevention lever (38)", and while the FWD side reel table is rotating in the FWD direction. it receives the force in the direction of arrow.
- 3. A pin is inserted into the square shaped slot of the "detection lever (19)", and it is moved in the direction of arrow during the rotation to REV direction by this pin, and during the rotation to the FWD direction by the detection prevention lever.
- 4. To the "tension pulley (2)", which is always rotating at a low speed, a stepped cam is provided close to the center and a eccentric circumferential shape cam is provided close to the outside. The wall section A in the top section of the "detection lever (19)" is inserted to the concave section between those two cams.

- 5. During rotation of the reel table the A section, within the cam groove, always totteringly tends to go outward alongside the 1 circumferential cam surface.
- 6. When the reel table is suspended, as the force to go outward becomes dormant, the A section is drawn inward by the outer circumference cam surface. Thereafter it stays as is and collides with the staircase of the inner cam. By moving it in the direction of →, it performs automatic operation.
- 7. The eccentric force is applied to the "detection prevention lever (138)" so that the automatic operation does not activate while the "detection prevention plate (138)" and "spring (136)" are in stop or pause modes.



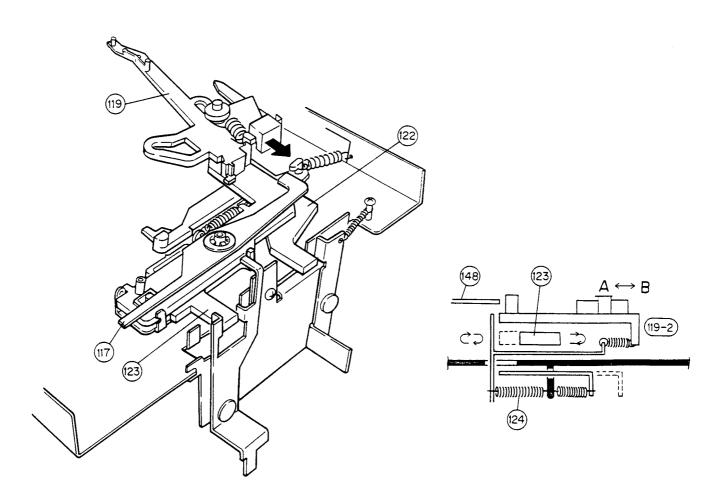
11-2-15. Mode Selection

- 1. The movement of the "detection lever (19)" in the arrow direction is transmitted selectively to the A section of the "DR lever (22)" or the B section of the "release lever (17)". When it is transmitted of the DR leverl, it becomes the direction selection and to release lever, it becomes into automation release.
- 2. The "detection lever (19" is installed at the section of (19-2). When (19-2) section slides to the A direction, it becomes the DIRECITON (continuous) and to the B direction, it becomes the automatic release (one round trip and then stops).
- 3. The "stopper plate B (48)" acts when in the << or >> operation and makes it into the end automatic release preferentially.

 - When setting the "mode lever (23)" to , it becomes selection during the FWD mode and automatic release during the REV mode.
- 4. The "spring (24)" is a weak spring. It is required that the sliding is carried out lightly.

11-2-16. Others

It the play operation is carried out when the power switch is turned off, there may be cases in which the assist gear is still engaged. When the power switch is turned on, it becomes the following mode after once passing through the play mode.



12. ADJUSTMENTS

Tape speed adjustment

- 1. Connect the frequency countr to the TP1 terminal (Dolby TP: R-ch) on the complex assembly.
- 2. Turn the tape switch on.
- 3. Mount the test tape STD-301 onto deck I.
- 4. Short-circuit between terminals TP4 and TP5 on the tape assembly and put the deck I into play mode. (STD-301 is play backed in double speed.)
- Adjust with VR803 so that the playback signal frequency of deck I becomes 6020Hz ±10Hz.
- Release the short-circuit between terminals TP4 and TP5.
- Put the deck I into play mode and adjust with VR804 so that the playback signal frequency becomes 3010Hz ±5Hz.
 - (Note 1: Be sure not to turn VR803 while performing the normal speed adjustment.)

- 8. At this point, be sure to confirm that the wow and flutter are within 0.3% both in the double and normal speeds.
- 9. Mount the test tape STD-301 onto deck II.
- 10. Short-circuit between terminals TP4 and TP5 on the tape assembly and put the deck II into play mode. (STD-301 is play backed in double speed.)
- Adjust with VR802 so that the playback signal frequency of deck II becomes ±20Hz against that of deck I.
- Release the short-circuit between terminals TP4 and TP5.
- 13. Put the deck II into play mode and adjust with VR801 so that the playback signal frequency of deck II becomes ±10Hz against that of deck I. (Note: Be sure not to turn VR802 while performing the normal speed adjustment.)
- 14. At this point, be sure to confirm that the wow and flutter are within 0.3% both in the double and normal speeds.

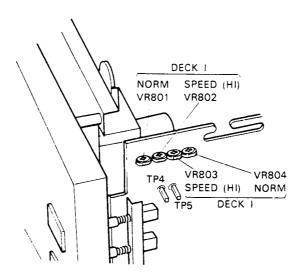


Fig. 12-1 Adjustment Point

Electrical system adjustment

Prior to the electrical system adjustment, be sure to confirm the following itesm.

- 1. The mechanical adjustment should be completed.
- 2. Perform cleaning of the head and the demagnetization of head with the head eraser.
- The level during measurement is determined at 0dBv
 1V.
- 4. The specified tape should be used for adjustment. Since the test tape has A side and B side, use the A side with label.

STD-331B: For playback system adjustment

STD-608A: Normal blank tape STD-620: CrO₂ blank tape STD-610: Metal blank tape

- 5. Prepare the following measuring instruments. AC millivoltmeter, low frequency oscillatore, attenuator, and oscilloscope.
- 6. For the adjustment, perform both L and R channels unless otherwise specified.
- 7. Turn the Dolby NR switch to off unless otherwise specified.

- 8. Prior to the adjustment, be sure to perform aging of the set for several minutes. Especially prior to entering the adjustment of the recording and playback frequency characteristics, aging should be performed in REC/PLAY mode for 3 to 5 minutes.
- 9. The adjustment should be performed in accordance with the adjustment order. If the order is not kept, it may cause the failure of the complete adjustment which induces the inferior function of the unit.

Deck I

- 1. Head azimuth adjustment
- 2. Playback level adjustment

Deck II

- 1. Head azimuth adjustment
- 2. Playback level adjustment
- 3. Adjustment of recording and playback frequency characteristics
- 4. Adjustment of recording level

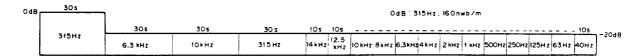


Fig. 12-2 Test tape STD-331B

1. Head	azimut 🧀	ustment	* (Note) Do not select FWD at	nd REV with the screv	vdriver being kept inser	ted.	
Procedure	Te sele (AU	Mode	Input signal/test tape	Adjusting point	Measuring point	Adjustment value	Remark
1	NORM	PLAY	Play back 10kHz/ - 20dB on test tape STD-331B	Head azimuth adjusting screw (Fig. 12-3)	TP1 (R) TP2 (L)	Maximum playback signał level	After completion, lock the screw
2. Playba	ck level ad	justment	* Perform this adjustment pre	cisely since this adjust	tment is Dolby level set	ting during playback.	
Procedure	Tape selector (AUTO)	Mode	Input signal/test tape	Adjusting point	Measuring point	Adjustment value	Remark
1	NORM	PLAY	Play back 315Hz/0dB on test tape STD-331B	VR504 (R) VR503 (L)	TP1 (R) TP2 (L)	- 13.5dBv ± 2dB	
Adjust	ment o	f Deck I	I *This deck is provided wi	th an auto-tape-selecto	or mechanism.		
1. Head	zimuth adj	ustment	* (Note) Do not select FWD a	and REV with the scre	wdriver being kept inse	rted.	
Procedure	Tape selector (AUTO)	Mode	Input signal/test tape	Adjusting point	Measuring point	Adjustment value	Remark
1	NORM	PLAY	Play back 315Hz/0dB on test tape STD-331B	Head azimuth adjusting screw (Fig. 12-3)	TP1 (R) TP2 (L)	Maximum playback signal level	After completion, lock the screw.
2. Playba	ck level ad	justment	* Perform this adjustment pre	cisely since this adjust	tment is Dolby level set	ting during playback.	
Procedure	Tape selector (AUTO)	Mode	Input signal/test tape	Adjusting point	Measuring point	Adjustment value	Remark
1	NORM	PLAY	Play back 315Hz/0dB on test tape STD-331B	VR502 (R) VR501 (L)	TP1 (R) TP2 (L)	-13.5 dBv ±0.5 dB	
	ment of red ncy charac	cording and teristics			er to adjust the recordir atio due to under bias.	ng bias. Therefore, caut	ion should be exer-
Procedure	Tape selector (AUTO)	Mode	Input signal/test tape	Adjusting point	Measuring point	Adjustment value	Remark
1	NORM	REC	STD-608A and put into REC mode.	Bias oscillator frequency T701	Between (A) and (B) in Fig. 12-2	Confirm that the oscillation frequency	When it is not within the standard, put it into the standard by adjusting T701.
2	NORM	REC	Apply the signal of 315Hz to the CD terminal and turn the CD switch on.	Input signal level	TP1 (R) TP2 (L)	-33.5 dBv ±0.5 dB	
3	NORM	PEC/PLAY	Record and play back 315Hz and 10kHz on test tape STD-608	VR702 (R) VR701 (L)	TP1 (R) TP2 (L)	Repeat recording and playback, and compensate so that the playback level of 10kHz against 315Hz becomes 0 ± 0.5d	
* Select th	e test tape, t	ape selector,	and Dolby NR switch and satis	fy the frequency chara	acteristic zone as show	n in Figs. 12-5 and 12-	8.
4. Record		djustment	* Set the graphic equalizer and	balance volume to the	e center and the mike n	nixing volume to the so	urce side.
Procedure	Tape selector (AUTO)	Mode	Input signal/test tape	Adjusting point	Measuring point	Adjustment value	Remark
1	NORM	REC .	Apply the signal of 315Hz to the CD terminal and turn the CD switch on.	Input signal level	TP1 (R) TP2 (L)	-33.5 dBv (±0.5 dB)	
2	NORM	REC/PLAY	Record and play back 315Hz to the test tape STD-608A.	VR704 (R) VR703 (L)	TP1 (R) TP2 (L)	Repeat recording and playback, and compensate so that the playback level of 315Hz becomes -13.5 dBv (±0.5 dB).	
3	CrO2	REC/PLAY	Record and play back 315Hz to the test tape STD-620.		TP1 (R) TP2 (L)	Confirm that the playback level of 315H becomes -13.5 dBv (±1.0 dB).	
4	METAL	REC/PLAY	Record and play back 315Hz to the test tape		TP1 (R) TP2 (L)	Confirm that the play becomes -13.5 dBv	

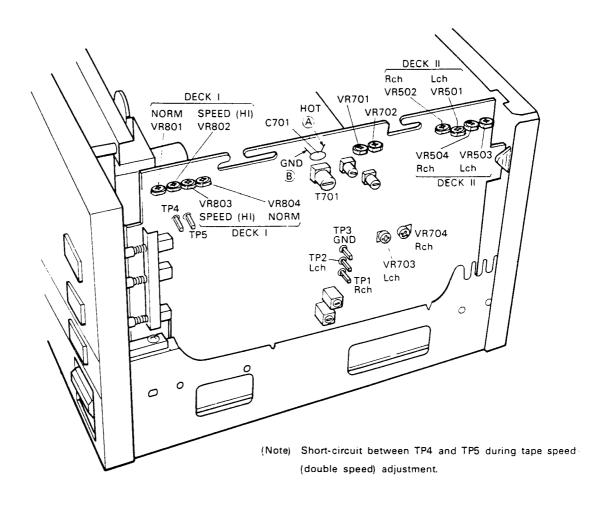


Fig. 12-3 Arrangement diagram of adjusting parts

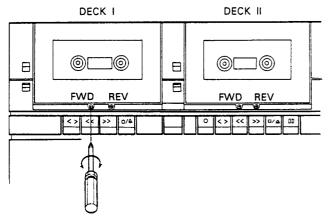


Fig. 12-4 Head azimuth adjustment

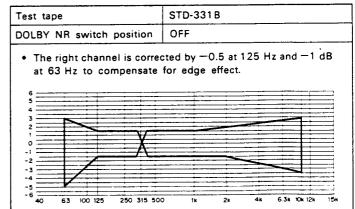


Fig. 12-5 Playback frequency response tolerance zone

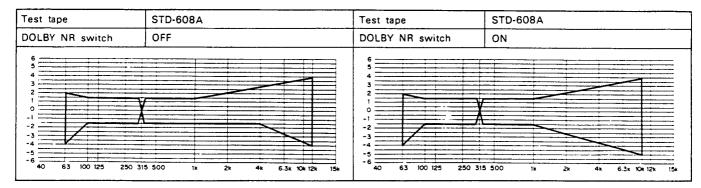


Fig. 12-6 Recording & playback frequency response tolerance zone (NORM)

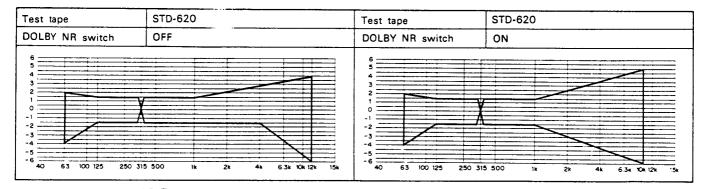


Fig. 12-7 Recording & playback frequency response tolerance zone (CrO2)

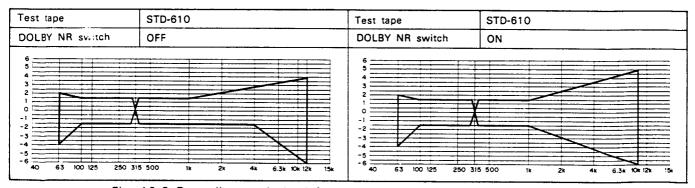


Fig. 12-8 Recording & playback frequency response tolerance zone (METAL)

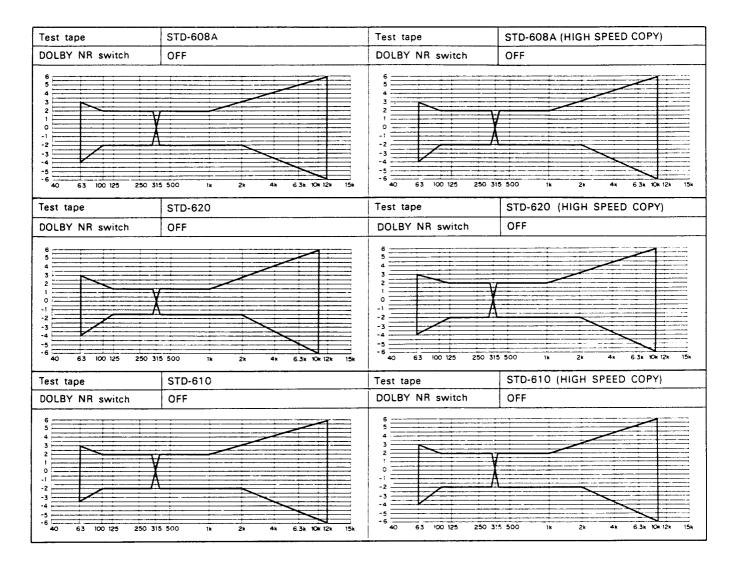


Fig. 12-9 Copy mode recording & playback frequency response (for reference purposes)

13. DISASSEMBLY

13-1. REMOVAL OF CASSETTE MECHANICAL UNIT

- 1. Remove 6 screws 1.
- 2. Remove the bonnet case.
- 3. Remove 2 screws 2.
- Press the claw of the chassis bottom and remove the front panel (to which the cassette mechanical unit is attached) and pull out toward you.

attached) and pull out toward you. 5. Remove 4 tape assembly connectors (J9, J10, J11 and J12) and 2 parallel jumpers (J901 and J902) from the wiring connectors which are extended from the Bonnet case cassette mechanical unit. Tape assembly Front panel assembly

Fig. 13-1 Removal of the front panel assembly

- 6. Since J8 has been soldered from the rear side, remove the shield wire (the head shield wire of the mechanism I) by using a soldering iron and cut the binders B11 and B12 with a nipper, and then remove the front panel (to which the cassette mechanical unit is attached) from the main body.
- 7. Remove the counter belt from the counter and apply it to the cassette mechanical unit
- 8. Remove 6 screws **3** and remove the cassette mechanical unit from the front panel.

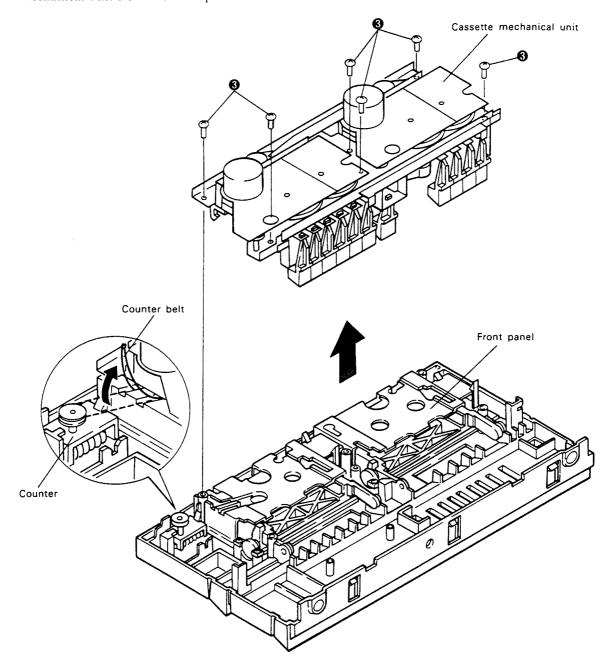


Fig. 13-2 Appliance of belt

13-2. REMOVAL OF BELT

- 1. Remove the cassette mechanical unit from the main body.
 - (See Removal of mechanical unit)
- 2. Cut the binder which bundles the head lead wires.
- 3. Remove 4 screws **1** and remove the FW receiving plate from the mechanical chassis.
- 4. Remove the belt.

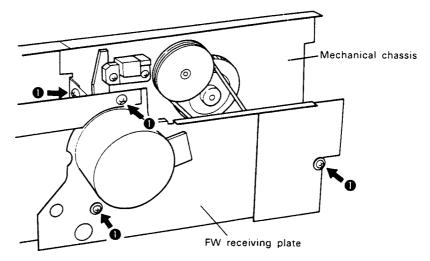


Fig. 13-3 Removal of belt

13-3. APPLIANCE OF BELT

- 1. Apply the flat belt as shown in the broken lines through (A) section (belt temporary holding shaft) in the Fig. 13-4.
- 2. Apply the square belt as shown (in Fig.13-4.
- 3. Install the FW receiving plate to the mechanical chassis and transfer the flat belt, which has been held temporary at (3) section, to the motor pulley.

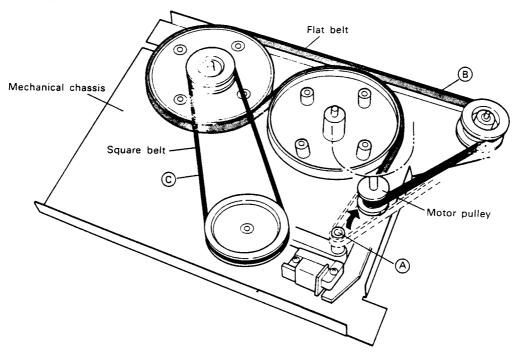


Fig. 13-4 Appliance of belt

13-4. REMOVAL OF MOTOR

- 1. Remove the mechanical unit from the main body. (See Removal of mechanical unit)
- Remove the lead wires of the motor from motor. (See Fig.13-5)
- 3. Remove the FW receiving plate. (See Removal of
- 4. Remove 2 screws **1** and remove the motor. (See Fig.13-6)
- Note 1: Care should be taken to the motor installation direction and attaching position of the motor lead wires when the motor is replaced.
- Note 2: Perform the tape speed adjustment (See Fig. 13-6) when the motor is replaced.

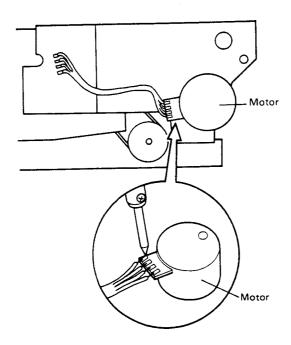
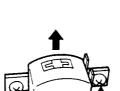


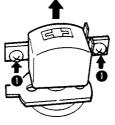
Fig. 13-5 Removal of motor lead wires



Playback head board Lead installation position

Red

Black



Playback head

13-5. REPLACEMENT OF HEAD

- 1. Remove the mechanical unit from the main body. (See Removal of mechanical unit)
- 2. Remove 2 screws 1 for head installation and pull out the head assembly. (See Fig 13-7)
- Remove the lead wires from the head section board by using a soldering iron.
- Solder the new lead wires to the new head. (See Fig 13-7)
- Note 1: At this point, be sure to make the soldering of the lead wires to their respective positions without
- Note 2: Be sure to perform the mechanical adjustment and electrical adjustment when the head is replaced.
- Note 3: When replacing the head, be sure lock the screws which have been used for the head installation.

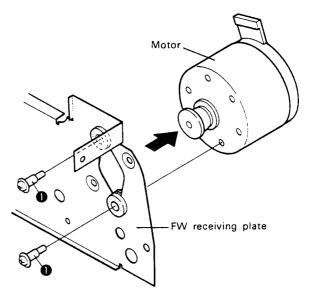
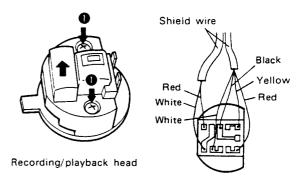


Fig. 13-6 Removal of motor



Recording/playback head board Lead installation position

Fig. 13-7 Removal of head assembly